

SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital – Janesville

3400 E. Racine Street | Janesville, WI 53546



2019 – 2021

Community Health Needs *Implementation* Strategy



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Message to Our Community

SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital – Janesville, a member of SSM Health, has delivered exceptional, compassionate care to Rock County for six years. Inspired by our founding Franciscan Sisters of Mary and guided by our Mission – Through our exceptional health care services, we reveal the healing presence of God – we cherish the sacredness and dignity of each person as demonstrated through our Values of compassion, respect, excellence, stewardship and community.

Our sustained community commitment can be seen through our collaborative partnerships with residents and organizations. We rely on these relationships to help us identify and develop plans to address high-priority community health needs. We are grateful for the opportunity to partner with community organizations.

Over the last 12 months, in collaboration with our community partners, we have conducted a community health needs assessment by gathering health-related information from Healthy Communities Institute (HCI). We have also interviewed key health officials and, in collaboration with our community partners, conducted community discussion forums / focus groups to identify concerns about the health of our community and the number of area-based programs and organizations that exist to address needs. Though the Community Health Needs Assessment (CHNA) is extensive and encompasses data collection and community input processes, it is important to recognize that this is just one piece of a broader community health improvement process. The CHNA provides the quantitative data and qualitative community perceptions necessary for driving priority selection and decision-making within the community.

The priorities we will address over the next three years include:

- Obesity
- Substance Abuse
- Tobacco Use

During this time, SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital – Janesville will further develop its community partnerships and deliver an exceptional experience through high-quality, accessible and affordable care to all residents. Please visit our website at www.ssmhealth.com to learn more about how we will continue to make a difference in our community.

I welcome your thoughts on how we can create a healthier Rock County.

Sincerely,

Ben Layman
President
SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital – Janesville



Executive Summary



background

SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital – Janesville is pleased to present the 2018 Community Health Needs Assessment (CHNA). This CHNA report provides an overview of the health needs and priorities associated with our service area. The goal of this report is to provide persons with a deeper understanding of the health needs in their community, as well as to help guide the hospital in its community benefit planning efforts and development of an implementation strategy to address evaluated needs. The SSM Health Wisconsin Regional Board approved this CHNA on November 13, 2018.

SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital – Janesville last conducted a CHNA in in 2015 for the 2016-2018 Community Health Implementation Plan (CHIP).

The Affordable Care Act (ACA) requires 501(c)(3) tax-exempt hospitals to conduct a CHNA every three tax years and adopt a strategic implementation plan for addressing identified needs.



priorities

SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital – Janesville determined priorities for the 2018 CHNA and strategic implementation plan. Priorities chosen include:

- Obesity: Resources include University of Wisconsin – Extension Rock County, Community Action of Rock and Walworth Counties, Rock County Health Department, and Janesville Public School District
- Substance abuse: Resources include Wisconsin Bureau of Substance Abuse Services, Rock County Health Department, Rock County Human Services Center, Janesville Counseling Center, Janesville Police Department, and Rock County Sheriff's Department
- Tobacco use: Resources include American Lung Association

strategies

The hospital will collaborate with its community partners to leverage available resources available in Rock County. Strategies for priority needs are as below.

- Obesity – Increase community awareness of nutrition and physical fitness, improve access to healthy food options, and increase youth physical fitness
- Substance abuse – Offer community education and resources, offer resources for patients with substance abuse diagnoses, improve placement opportunities and services for patients with substance abuse diagnoses, and reduce addictive opioid prescriptions
- Tobacco use – Provide community information and education regarding tobacco use, and provide smoking cessation resources



SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital – Janesville

SSM Health

SSM Health is a Catholic not-for-profit health system serving the comprehensive health needs of communities across the Midwest through a robust and fully integrated health care delivery system. Headquartered in St. Louis, SSM Health has care delivery sites in Missouri, Illinois, Oklahoma and Wisconsin. The health system includes 24 hospitals, more than 300 physician offices and other outpatient care sites, 10 post-acute facilities, comprehensive

Through our exceptional health care services, we reveal the healing presence of God.

home care and hospice services, a pharmacy benefit company, an insurance company, a technology company and an Accountable Care Organization.

With more than 10,000 providers and 40,000 employees in four states, SSM Health is one of the largest

employers in every community it serves. An early adopter of the electronic health record (EHR), SSM Health is a national leader for the depth of its EHR integration.

SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital – Janesville

highlight of services

SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital – Janesville offers a comprehensive array of acute inpatient services, along with an ambulatory network consisting of convenient care, primary care, and specialist providers.

The hospital shares a 50-acre campus and electronic health record system with SSM Health Dean Medical Group, providing seamless health care services.

community partnerships

We are proud to be part of community projects that work to improve health outcomes in the areas we serve.

community benefit

In 2016, SSM Health Care of Wisconsin provided \$53.5 million in net community benefit, including \$5.3 million in charity care; \$8.9 million in health professions education, \$0.7 million in community services; and \$33.3 million in unpaid costs of Medicaid and other public programs.

additional affiliations and partnerships

SSM Health Dean Medical Group ("Dean"), which joined SSM Health system in September 2013, is a for-profit, integrated health care organization in Madison, Wisconsin. Dean consists of a network of more than 60 clinics in south-central Wisconsin, Davis Duehr Dean eye care, insurance provider Dean Health Plan, and pharmacy benefits company Navitus Health Solutions. Approximately 500 Physicians provide primary, specialty, and tertiary care in the clinics. The system services more than 400,000 health plan members.

Hospital at a Glance

Admissions		2,570
Outpatient Visits		16,793
ER Visits		16,952
Births		435
Beds		50
Employees		372
Medical Staff		409
Volunteers		96
Charity Care		\$1,309,661

The Health Needs of Our Community

Community health needs were identified from existing sources of secondary data (regarding demographics, health status indicators, and measures of health care access), and by gathering community perspectives from individuals with expertise in public health, as well as from individuals who live, work, learn, play, and/or grow in Rock County.



key priorities

Obesity: Rock County Obese Adults



Obesity, as well as food insecurity and physical inactivity, were issues identified in community perspective activities and supported by secondary data research.

Throughout the US, the percentage of individuals considered overweight or obese continues to rise. In addition to being costly for the US health care system, obesity can lead to and/or complicate other conditions, such as heart disease, stroke, diabetes, and certain types of cancer.

Substance Abuse: Rock County Adults who Binge Drink



Substance abuse, the effects of substance use, and mental health issues were identified in both community perspective activities and secondary data research.

Multiple factors contribute to substance abuse, including mental health needs, poor economic conditions, high poverty rates, lower educational attainment levels, higher percentages of individuals living alone, and easy access to alcohol and other substances.

Tobacco Use: Rock County Adults who Smoke



Smoking in adults, especially pregnant women, was a significant issue identified in secondary data research and supported by community feedback.

Tobacco is the agent most responsible for avoidable illness and death in America today. Tobacco brings premature death to almost half a million Americans each year, and it contributes to profound disability and pain in many others.

Our Progress Since 2015

Our last Community Health Needs Assessment was conducted in 2015. Below are the health needs we identified, the strategies we implemented to address them and the progress that has been made.

Fall Prevention – We worked with several community partners to decrease falls. Activities included participating at health fairs and other events to increase community awareness about the issue, distributing fall prevention toolkits at numerous sites, and offering evidence-based fall prevention programs.



Smoking – We worked with several community partners to decrease smoking in the community. Activities included increasing community awareness about the dangers of smoking through SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital – Janesville's radio show called, Stay Healthy Rock County, offering smoking classes, training staff members in the American Lung Association's Freedom From Smoking evidence based program, distributing "Quit Smoking" kits during the 2017 Great American Smokeout, and helping implement an evidence-based smoking cessation program for pregnant mothers in collaboration with Wisconsin Women's Health Foundation. Grant-making activities included a \$5,000 award to provide smoking cessation counseling and support at a local food pantry.

Obesity – Activities included participation at health fairs and other events to promote healthy living through proper nutrition and exercise to hospital patients and community members, sponsorship of physical activity programs, participation in the Janesville Farmer's Market, and providing evidence-based programs, in English and Spanish, designed to decrease obesity in participants. Grant-making activities included a \$5,000 award to the Rock County Trail Coalition to update local maps, a \$5,000 award to Community Action of Rock and Walworth Counties for nutrition guidance in its Fatherhood and Youth Mentor Programs, a \$40,000 award to the City of Janesville to support funding for a Fitness Court, and a \$5,000 award to Boys & Girls Club of Janesville to adopt a nationally-developed, evidenced-based youth health and wellness program.



SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital – Janesville created an internal CHNA steering committee to prioritize needs in Rock County that were identified and validated through data analyses. The CHNA considered multiple data sources, including secondary data (regarding demographics, health status indicators, and measures of health care access), as well as primary data derived from information gathering activities from community members and persons who represent the broad interests of the community, including those with expertise in public health.



Priority #1 **Obesity**

Priority #2 **Substance Abuse**

Priority #3 **Tobacco Use**



Obesity

Obesity is defined as a progressive, life-threatening, genetically-related, and costly disease of excess fat storage. This disorder is associated with illnesses directly caused or worsened by significant weight. Morbid obesity (or clinically severe obesity) is defined as being over 200 percent of ideal body weight, more than 100 pounds overweight, or a body mass index (BMI) of 40 or higher, at which serious medical conditions occur as a direct result of obesity. Obesity and unhealthy weight management can also contribute to the development of other diseases, such as diabetes and heart disease.

- Lifestyle complications that lead to increased risk of obesity include physical inactivity combined with unhealthy diet and eating habits. In some cases, minorities and those living under financial distress are often segments of the population most impacted by factors contributing to obesity.

Additional facts and figures that relate to obesity are below.

- Obesity was identified as a community health issue by the Rock County Public Health Department. (See CHNA Appendix 2 Community Perspectives)
- Obesity was identified as a community health issue by community stakeholders. (See CHNA Appendix 2 Community Perspectives)
- Adults who are Obese are 32.1 percent of adults in Rock County, more than 10 percent higher than the overall Wisconsin percentage of 28.5 percent. This measure assesses the percentage of adults aged 18 and older with a BMI of 30 or greater. (See CHNA Appendix 3 Community Data)
- Families Living Below Poverty Level represent 11.2 percent of households in Rock County, more than 30 percent higher than the overall Wisconsin rate of 8.5 percent. This measure assesses the percentage of families living below the federal poverty level. (See CHNA Appendix 3 Community Data)
- The Child Food Insecurity Rate in Rock County was 18.9 percent, nearly 20 percent higher than the overall Wisconsin rate of 16.0 percent. This measure assesses the percent of children living in households that experienced food insecurity at some point during the year. (See CHNA Appendix 3 Community Data)
- Adults who are Sedentary are 20.2 percent of adults in Rock County, the same as the overall Wisconsin percentage of 20.2 percent. This measure assesses the percentage of adults who did not participate in any leisure-time activities (physical activities other than their regular job) during the past month. (See CHNA Appendix 3 Community Data)



Priority #1

Obesity Goals

action plan

1. Increase community outreach and education regarding nutrition and physical fitness
 - Explore opportunities to collaborate with Rock County public schools on nutrition education
 - Work with faith community and other community groups on nutrition education and physical fitness
2. Improve access to healthy food options
 - Continue sponsorship of the Janesville Farmer's Market
 - Partner with hospital cafeteria to ensure healthy offerings are consistently provided at a reasonable cost
 - Explore options to bring healthy food and opportunities for physical activity into underserved communities
 - Support organizations which provide healthy food to impoverished members of the community, including Meals on Wheels, ECHO, and food pantries
3. Increase youth physical fitness
 - Partner with community organizations, such as the Velo Club, on providing access to physical fitness programming to underserved youth

community partners

- SSM Health Dean Medical Clinic
- Meals on Wheels
- ECHO
- Janesville Farmer's Market
- Velo Club
- Boys & Girls Club of Janesville

supporting resources

- University of Wisconsin – Extension Rock County
- Community Action of Rock and Walworth Counties
- Rock County Health Department
- Janesville Public School District
- American Heart Association

Contact us to
get involved



Substance Abuse

Substance abuse, the effects of substance use, and mental health issues were identified as need areas in both community perspective activities and secondary data research.

Multiple factors contribute to substance abuse, including mental health needs, poor economic conditions, high poverty rates, lower educational attainment levels, higher percentages of individuals living alone, and easy access to alcohol and other substances.

Additional facts and figures that relate to substance abuse are below.

- Drug, alcohol, and substance abuse were identified as a community health issue by community stakeholders. (See CHNA Appendix 2 Community Perspectives)
- A lack of substance abuse treatment was identified as a community health issue by community stakeholders. (See CHNA Appendix 2 Community Perspectives)
- The Death Rate due to Drug Poisoning in Rock County is 21.7 deaths per 100,000 population, more than one-third higher than the Wisconsin rate of 16.2. This measure assesses the age-adjusted death rate per 100,000 population due to drug overdose. (See CHNA Appendix 3 Community Data)
- Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths are 43.4 percent of motor-vehicle crash deaths in Rock County, more than one-fifth higher than the overall Wisconsin percentage of 35.7 percent. This measure assesses the percentage of motor vehicle crash deaths with alcohol involvement. (See CHNA Appendix 3 Community Data)
- Depression within the Medicare Population of Rock County is 19.1 percent, more than one tenth higher than the Wisconsin rate of 17.0 percent. This measure assesses the percentage of Medicare beneficiaries who were treated for depression. (See CHNA Appendix 3 Community Data)
- Life Expectancy is lower in Rock County for both males (76.9 years) and females, compared to the overall Wisconsin life expectancy for males (77.7 years) and females (81.9 years). These measures assess the total number of years a person can be expected to live if current mortality rates continue to apply. (See CHNA Appendix 3 Community Data)



Priority #2

Substance Abuse Goals

action plan

1. Offer community education and resources
 - Offer education or partner with other organizations regarding the root causes, prevention and/or treatment for opioid abuse
 - Research establishing an on-site pharmaceuticals disposal site and/or home medication lock boxes
 - Create community awareness regarding opioid and other drug issues through community activities
2. Offer resources for patients with substance abuse diagnoses
 - Provide community support services for diagnosed patients, and provide immediate support from community organizations for Emergency Department patients wanting assistance with substance abuse
 - Support organizations which provide substance abuse services, including Rock County One to One
3. Improve placement opportunities and services for patients with substance abuse diagnoses
 - Partner with regional mental health providers on offering patient placement
 - With partnerships with other organizations, explore establishing additional mental health services and placement opportunities in Rock County
4. Reduce addictive opioid prescriptions
 - Partner with physicians to increase alternatives to opioid (ALT) medication prescriptions

community partners

- SSM Health Dean Medical Clinic
- HealthNet of Rock County
- Rogers Memorial Hospital
- WCLO
- SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital – Madison
- Rock County One to One Program
- City of Janesville

supporting resources

- Wisconsin Bureau of Substance Abuse Services
- Rock County Health Department
- Rock County Human Services Center
- Janesville Counseling Center
- Janesville Police Department
- Rock County Sheriff's Department

Contact us to
get involved



Tobacco Use

Tobacco is the agent most responsible for avoidable illness and death in America today. Tobacco brings premature death to almost half a million Americans each year, and it contributes to profound disability in many others. Approximately one-third of all tobacco users in the country will die prematurely because of their dependence.

In addition to the adverse impact on the health of tobacco users, areas where smoking is common will subsequently increase exposure to secondhand smoke for non-smokers. Exposure can cause or exacerbate a wide range of adverse health effects including cancer, respiratory infections, and asthma.

Additional facts and figures that relate to tobacco use are below.

- Cancer, which can be caused by tobacco use, was identified as a community health issue by community stakeholders. (See CHNA Appendix 2 Community Perspectives)
- Mothers who Smoked During Pregnancy are 15.2 percent of births in Rock County, one-third higher than the overall Wisconsin percentage of 11.4 percent. This measure assesses the percentage of births that were to mothers who smoked and/or used tobacco during pregnancy. (See CHNA Appendix 3 Community Data)
- Adults who Smoke are 22.4 percent of adults in Rock County, more than one-quarter higher than the overall Wisconsin percentage of 17.9 percent. This measure assesses the percentage of adults who currently smoke cigarettes. (See CHNA Appendix 3 Community Data)
- The Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Lung Cancer in Rock County is 54.4 deaths per 100,000 population, nearly one-quarter higher than the Wisconsin rate of 44.2. This measure assesses the age-adjusted death rate per 100,000 population due to lung cancer. (See CHNA Appendix 3 Community Data)
- The Lung and Bronchus Cancer Incidence Rate in Rock County is 73.9 cases per 100,000 population, more than one-fifth higher than the Wisconsin rate of 60.9. This measure assesses the age-adjusted incidence rate for lung and bronchus cancers in cases per 100,000 population. (See CHNA Appendix 3 Community Data)
- The Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Cancer in Rock County is 186.6 deaths per 100,000 population, more than one-tenth higher than the Wisconsin rate of 168.1. This measure assesses the age-adjusted death rate per 100,000 population due to cancer. (See CHNA Appendix 3 Community Data)



Priority #3

Tobacco Use Goals

action plan

1. Provide community information and education regarding tobacco use
 - Offer education or partner with other organizations regarding the root causes, prevention and/or treatment for tobacco use
 - Provide prevention education to school-age children through various outreach efforts
 - Create community awareness regarding the hazards of tobacco use through community activities
 - Provide smoking cessation survival kits at community events
2. Provide smoking cessation resources
 - Continue offering on-site “Freedom from Smoking” smoking cessation program
 - Explore offering community evidence based programs regarding tobacco cessation during pregnancy

community partners

- SSM Health Dean Medical Group
- Youth2Youth Tobacco Coalition
- Wisconsin Tobacco Quit Line
- WCLO

supporting resources

- American Lung Association
- Society for Public Health Education

Contact us to
get involved



Going Forward



Achieving our Goals, Now and in the Future

We are committed to improving the health of our community through focused and collaborative efforts to address unmet needs.

online tools

Healthy People 2020 provides 10-year national objectives for improving American's health by establishing benchmarks and tracking progress. Details, including interactive data, are available at www.HealthyPeople.gov.

County Health Rankings, a collaboration between the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation and the University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute, is an annual assessment of vital health factors for nearly every county in America. Details are available at <http://www.countyhealthrankings.org/>.

The Rock County Public Health Department provides data, reports, and resource information of interest to Rock County residents. Details are available at www.co.rock.wi.us/publichealth.

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<https://www.ssmhealth.com/locations/st-marys-hospital-janesville>

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HEALTH OUTCOMES OVERALL RANK ✓

Rank	County
17	Trempealeau (TR)
18	Green (GE)
19	Oconto (OC)
20	Buffalo (BU)
21	Eau Claire (EC)
22	Dodge (DO)
23	Chippewa (CH)
24	Sheboygan (SE)
25	Vernon (VE)
26	Door (DR)
27	Wood (WO)
28	Polk (PO)
29	Barron (BA)

Rock (RO)

County Demographics +

	Rock County	Error Margin	Top U.S. Performers	Wisconsin	Rank (of 72)
Health Outcomes					60
Length of Life					50
Premature death	6,600	6,200-7,100	5,200	6,000	
Quality of Life					65
Poor or fair health	15%	14-15%	12%	14%	
Poor physical health days	3.6	3.4-3.8	3.0	3.4	
Poor mental health days	3.5	3.3-3.7	3.0	3.5	
Low birthweight	7%	7-8%	6%	7%	

Additional Health Outcomes (not included in overall ranking) +

Contact our Community Benefit Leader for more information at chnajanesville@ssmhealth.com

SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital – Janesville

3400 E. Racine Street | Janesville, WI 53546



2019 – 2021

Appendices

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prioritizing health needs

As part of the CHNA requirement, hospitals are required to evaluate the needs that are identified and validated through the data analysis. In order to do so, hospitals must establish specific criteria that will be used to assess each of the identified community needs. The system has recommended criteria and ratings that each hospital can use during prioritization. The method used to evaluate the needs as well as potential weighting is customizable based on the hospital's approach.

Prior to review of the data, a list of criteria was established to aid in the selection of priority needs. During the data review process, attention was directed to health issues that met these criteria:

- Health issues that impact a lot of people or for which disparities exist, and which put a greater burden on some population groups
- Poor rankings for health issues in Rock County as compared to Wisconsin, the US, or Healthy People 2020 national health targets
- Health issues for which trends are worsening

The SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital – Janesville CHNA steering committee also considered indicators that relate to problems identified in the October 2017 Rock County Community Health Assessment (CHA) conducted by the Health Equity Alliance of Rock County with active hospital participation. The steering committee also reviewed evaluations by the Rock County Public Health Department, as well as the hospital's prior CHNAs.

In addition, SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital – Janesville created an internal CHNA steering committee to prioritize needs in Rock County that were identified and validated through data analyses. The steering committee consisted of staff members representing administration, nursing, quality, operations, and communications. The steering committee aligned key strategies, resources, magnitude of the issues and overall capability of the hospital to address the suggested needs.

Nineteen community health needs were considered by the steering committee. These needs were (1) access issues, (2) aging issues, (3) heart disease, (4) substance abuse, (5) tobacco use, (6) asthma, (7) maternal and child health, (8) obesity, (9) cancers, (10) domestic violence, (11) mental health, (12) diabetes, (13) HIV / AIDS, (14) STD's / STIs, (15) rape and sexual assault, (16) teen pregnancy, (17) alcohol abuse, (18) dental problems, and (19) violence/gun injuries.

Based on internal prioritization, the top ranking priorities established the priority needs for the strategic implementation plan. See Appendix 2 (Prioritization) for additional details.

Anticipated Impact

The anticipated impact of activities is improved mental and physical health of community residents.

Reviews of individual activities are ongoing and an inclusion of an evaluation is anticipated in the next CHNA. Metrics used to assess activities include frequency measures, such as the number of services provided.

While we anticipate that our activities helped to improve community health, we assess our impact based on counts of activities, such as the number of smoking cessation kits offered, and financial grants made to community organizations. Identifying outcomes-based impact measures is difficult for multiple reasons, including lags in data collection, analysis, and reporting of community health indicators by independent measures of changes. Adding to the difficulty in measuring outcomes-based impact includes the size of the community population, changes in the population through in-migration and out-migration, and changes in the overall environment. Furthermore, assessing the causal impact of any correlation between the activity and outcome measures may not be possible.

prioritization

The prioritization matrix used by SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital – Janesville to assess priorities is summarized below

Identified Community Needs	Magnitude	Alignment with Mission, Key Strategies & Priorities	Resources Needed to Address the Issue	Hospital's ability to Impact	Total Score
Access Issue	5	5	3	3	16
Aging Issues	5	5	3	3	16
Heart Disease	3	5	4	3	15
Substance Abuse	4	5	2	3	14
Tobacco Use	3	5	3	3	14
Asthma	3	4	3	4	14
Maternal and Child Health	3	5	2	3	13
Obesity	5	5	1	1	12
Cancers	4	5	1	2	12
Domestic Violence	2	5	2	3	12
Mental Health	5	5	1	1	12
Diabetes	4	5	1	1	11
HIV/AIDS	3	3	4	1	11
STDs / STIs	4	4	1	2	11
Rape and Sexual Assault	2	5	1	1	9
Teen Pregnancy	4	3	1	1	9
Alcohol Abuse	3	3	1	1	8
Dental Problems	3	3	1	1	8
Violence/Gun Injuries	2	4	1	1	8

Scoring Guidance

Score	Magnitude	Alignment with Mission, Key Strategies & Priorities	Resources Needed to Address the Issue	Hospital's ability to Impact
5	Significantly unfavorable as compared to benchmark	Directly consistent with our mission, key strategies and priorities	No additional resources needed; service is currently in place	Can provide a service likely to measurably improve the community's health status
3	Slightly unfavorable or equal compared to benchmark	Somewhat related to our mission, key strategies and priorities	Minimal resources needed to extend a current service	Can provide a service likely to measurably improve the community's health status with expertise from a community organization partner
1	Equal to or more favorable as compared to benchmark	Inconsistent with our mission, key strategies and priorities	Requires significant resources	Don't have the ability to measurably improve this need

health needs that will not be addressed (directly)

No hospital facility can address all health needs present in its community for numerous reasons, including resource constraints, a relative lack of expertise about the need, a relatively low priority assigned to the need, a lack of effective intervention, and/or the need is being addressed by others in the community. Community health needs that were identified during the CHNA process that will not be addressed directly are discussed below.

- Access Issue
- Aging Issues
- Alcohol Abuse
- Asthma
- Cancers
- Dental Problems
- Diabetes
- Domestic Violence
- Heart Disease
- HIV/AIDS
- Maternal and Child Health
- Mental Health
- Rape and Sexual Assault
- STDs / STIs
- Teen Pregnancy
- Violence/Gun Injuries

SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital – Janesville, together with SSM Health and Dean, are committed to remaining financially healthy to continue to provide clinical services and a range of community benefits. There are health needs that exceed the hospital's scope including dental problems, domestic violence, rape and sexual assault, and violence/gun injuries.

Other health needs, including access issues, aging issues, alcohol abuse, asthma, cancers, diabetes, heart disease, HIV / AIDS, maternal and child health, mental health, diabetes, STDs / STIs, and teen pregnancy are not covered as priority target areas in this plan. Even so, there are many activities in these areas provided by SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital – Janesville, SSM Health, and Dean.

CHNA collaborators

SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital – Janesville worked closely with the Health Equity Alliance of Rock County to develop the October 2017 Rock County Community Health Assessment (CHA). Community perspectives and data gathered during this endeavor were incorporated into the hospital's Needs Assessment. Collaborators with the Rock County CHA are listed below.

- Aging and Disability Resource Center of Rock County
- American Heart Association
- Beloit Health System
- Building a Safer Evansville (BASE)
- Children's Hospital – Exchange Family Resource Center
- City of Janesville
- Community Action, Inc.
- Community Health Systems, Inc.
- Community Link
- Edgerton Hospital
- HealthNet of Rock County
- Healthy Edgerton
- Janesville Mobilizing 4 Change
- Mercy Health
- Rock County Criminal Justice System Planner/Analyst
- Rock County Human Services
- Rock County Public Health Department
- Rock County Supervisors
- Rock-Walworth Comprehensive Family Services Head Start/Early Head Start
- School District of Beloit
- Second Harvest
- South Central Wisconsin Area Health Education Center
- SSM Health
- United Way Blackhawk Region
- University of Wisconsin Extension
- Youth 2 Youth 4 Change