SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City 2505 Mission Drive | Jefferson City, MO 65109

## 2016-2018

## Community Health Needs Assessment



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## Message to Our Community

SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City delivers exceptional, compassionate care to Cole, Miller, Moniteau and Osage Counties. Inspired by our founding Franciscan Sisters of Mary and guided by our Mission - Through our exceptional health care services, we reveal the healing presence of God - we cherish the sacredness and dignity of each person as demonstrated through our Values of compassion, respect, excellence, stewardship and community.

Consistent with our Mission, we will provide these services in collaboration with our medical staff, employees, and organizations within our communities. We rely on these relationships to help us identify and develop plans in order to address high-priority population health needs. We are grateful for the opportunity to partner with the local organizations in our efforts to improve the health of our communities.

Over the last 12 months, in collaboration with our community partners, SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City conducted a Community Health Needs Assessment (CHNA) by gathering health-related information from Healthy Communities Institute ( HCl ) specific to Cole, Miller, Moniteau and Osage Counties. We have also interviewed key community leaders and conducted community health surveys to identify concerns about the health of these communities, while assessing the number of area-based programs and organizations that exist to address the community's needs. The identified needs were prioritized based on the level of importance to community members and the hospital's ability to make a significant impact.

The priorities we will address over the next three years include:

- Heart Disease


## - Cancer

During this time, SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City will further develop its community partnerships and deliver an exceptional experience through high-quality, accessible and affordable care. Please visit our website at www.ssmhealthmidmo.com to learn more about how we will continue to make a difference in our community.

I welcome your thoughts on how we can create a healthier community together.

Sincerely,


Brent VanConia
President at SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City and Mid-Missouri region

## Executive Summary

## Background

SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City is pleased to present the 2016 2018 (2016 Tax Year) Community Health Needs Assessment (CHNA). This CHNA report provides an overview of the health needs and priorities associated with our service area. The goal of this report is to provide individuals with a deeper understanding of the health needs in their community, as well as help guide the hospital in its community benefit planning efforts and development of an implementation strategy to address evaluated needs. The SSM Health Mid Missouri Regional Board approved this CHNA on Nov. 18, 2015. SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City last conducted a CHNA in 2012.

The Affordable Care Act (ACA) requires 501(c)(3), tax-exempt hospitals to conduct a CHNA every three tax years and adopt a strategic implementation plan for addressing identified needs.


## Priorities

SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City held meetings with local, regional, and system members to determine priorities for the 2016-2018 CHNA and strategic implementation plan. Priorities chosen were:

- Heart Disease: Resources include but are not limited to the congestive heart failure clinic at Jefferson City Medical Group, congestive heart failure (CHF) clinic collaboration with Lutheran Senior Services, St. Joseph Bluff and Stonebridge communities, Cole County Health Department WISEWOMAN program, SSM Health Medical Group, Jefferson City YMCA, SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City cardiopulmonary support group, diabetes support group, stroke survivor support group and St. Mary's Mended Hearts program.
- Cancer: Resources include but are not limited to SSM Health St. Mary's Cancer Center at Jefferson City Medical Group (JCMG), Epic health notifications, Richard J. Wilson Cancer Resource Center, the American Cancer Society, Jefferson City YMCA, the Cole County Health Department ShowMe Healthy Women program and SSM Health Medical Group.


## Goals

## Heart Disease

- Reduce the age-adjusted death rate due to heart disease in our region from 190.7 deaths per 100,000 persons, as reported in 2015, to 185 deaths per 100,000 persons in 2018
- Decrease percentage of all-cause/all-location congestive heart failure (CHF) 30-day hospital readmission rate from $24.22 \%$ in 2015 to 15.3\% by 2018 (Epic)


## Cancer

- Reduce the age-adjusted death rate due to cancer in our region from 178.4 deaths per 100,000 persons, as reported in 2015, to 175 deaths per 100,000 persons by 2018 (MICA)
- Increase percentage of stage 1 breast cancer initial diagnosis' from 20\% (hospital 5-year 20102014 baseline average) to 25\% by 2018 (SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City Cancer Registrar)
- Increase percentage of stage 1 lung cancer initial diagnosis' from 20\% (hospital 5-year 2010-2014 baseline average) to $25 \%$ by 2018 (SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City Cancer Registrar)


## About SSM Health and SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City

## SSM Health

SSM Health is a Catholic, not-for-profit health system that has provided exceptional care to community members regardless of their ability to pay for more than 140 years. Guided by its Mission and Values, SSM Health is one of the largest integrated care delivery systems in the nation, serving the comprehensive health needs of communities across the Midwest.

SSM Health strives to provide a consistently exceptional experience through excellent service and high-quality, accessible and affordable care.

The SSM Health system spans four states, with care delivery sites in Illinois, Missouri, Oklahoma and Wisconsin. SSM Health includes 20
 hospitals, more than 60 outpatient care sites, a pharmacy benefit company, an insurance company, two nursing homes, comprehensive home care and hospice services, a telehealth and technology company and two Accountable Care Organizations. With more than 31,000 employees, 1,100 employed physicians and 8,500 medical staff physicians, SSM Health is one of the largest employers in every community it serves.

Through our exceptional health care services, we reveal the healing presence of God.

## SSM Health St. Mary’s Hospital - Jefferson City

## Highlight of services

SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital Jefferson City is a 167-all private bed acute care hospital. Comprehensive services include emergency services, cardiology, orthopedic care, cancer care, surgical services, women's health, maternity care, and behavioral health services, along with an ambulatory network consisting of urgent care, primary care, rehabilitation and specialty providers in the area of cardiothoracic surgery, wound care, sleep disorders, spine surgery and pain management.

## Community benefit

In 2014, SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City provided $\$ 23.5$ million in unreimbursed care and $\$ 0.35$ million in other community benefits for a total of over $\$ 23.8$ million.

## Community affiliations and partnerships

SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital Jefferson City is proud to be a part of a community that assists one another to improve health outcomes in our area.

The Central Community Health Assessment Partnership (CMCHAP) is a unique partnership of health care and social service providers sponsored by Capital Region Medical Center and SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City and includes Community Health Center of Central Missouri; Jefferson City Medical Group; Missouri Primary Care Association; United Way of Central Missouri; and the Health Departments of Cole, Miller, Moniteau and Osage Counties.

Volunteers: 502

## About our Community

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SSMHealth

SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City is located in Jefferson City, Mo. and defines its community as Cole, Miller, Moniteau and Osage Counties. In 2015, this service area had an estimated population of over 171,000 people. The following pages of information include demographic and health indicator statistics specific to this community.


Our community by the numbers
87.7\% White/Non-Hispanic
6.8\% African American/Non-Hispanic
5.5\% All Others

12.3\% No High School Degree
35.9\% High School Degree
27.3\% Some College/Associates Degree 24.5\% Bachelor's Degree or Greater


## The Health of Our Community

## About the data

The data was derived from a variety of sources including the Healthy Communities Institute (HCI) analytics platform. The website includes the most up-to-date publicly available data for approximately 140 community indicators from over 20 sources and covering 20 topics in the areas of population health, determinants of health and quality of life. Below is a statistical overview of strengths and weaknesses within the community that factored into our discussions with local stakeholders regarding the priority health needs of the population within our service area.

## Our community by the numbers



## Access to Primary Care

The number of providers per 100,000 persons within the fourcounty area are generally higher than the state average


## Heart Disease

Prevalence and death rates associated with heart disease are higher than both state and national averages

## The Health Needs of Our Community

## Voice of the community

SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City, in partnership with the Central Community Health Assessment Partnership (CMCHAP), conducted a comprehensive community health assessment which measured perceptions, health risks, health factors, health outcomes and characteristics specific to the communities in Cole, Miller, Moniteau and Osage counties.

The needs assessment was conducted using data analysis, discussions with community groups, provider clients and surveys completed by community members, community leaders and local physicians. Throughout the process, more than 150 individuals participated in 9 different discussion groups and consumer interview sessions. The surveys were made available in physician offices, online and in community health departments.

SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City administration reviewed community perception results and health data, prioritizing the top two needs based on the extent of the deficiency and the ability of the hospital to make an impact.

## Key priorities

## Issues identified and discussed include:

Heart disease
Cancer
Obesity
Diabetes
Health literacy
Childhood obesity
Access to dental care
Transportation
Mental health
Substance abuse
Access to care
Care coordination

## Heart Disease

## Cancer



Heart disease is the leading cause of death within the service area. Additionally, there are a number of deficiencies within our community that lead to poor heart health and are exacerbated by numerous risk factors including high blood pressure, high cholesterol, diabetes, obesity, poor nutrition and smoking.

The negative effects of these risk factors can be prevented or reduced with healthy lifestyle behaviors and appropriate treatment.

Cancer is second only to heart disease, as a leading cause of death in Cole, Miller, Moniteau and Osage Counties. The top five most common types of cancers in our region are breast, colon, lung, cervix and prostate.

Proactive screening for cancer provides a significant opportunity to reduce mortality and increase survival rates.

## Heart Disease

Heart disease includes a range of conditions that affect the health of one's heart. There are a number of deficiencies within our community that correlate to poor heart health. Some of these lifestyle behaviors that increase the risk of heart disease include:

- Smoking
- Uncontrolled blood pressure
- High cholesterol levels
- Uncontrolled diabetes
- Stress and depression
- Unhealthy food choices
- Lack of exercise

In some cases, minorities and those living under financial distress are often segments of the population who are most affected by factors contributing to heart disease.

Heart disease is the leading cause of death in Cole, Miller and Osage counties. It is also the top cause of inpatient hospitalizations for both men and women in the region. Further complicating the issue is a unfavorable prevalence of high blood pressure, high cholesterol, diabetes, obesity and smoking in the four counties, especially in Miller and Moniteau counties.

## Additional facts and figures

- The age-adjusted death rate due to coronary heart disease is 137.10 and 137.9 deaths per 100,000 persons for Moniteau and Osage Counties, respectively, compared to rates of 123 and 105.7 deaths per 100,000 persons in the state and nation, respectively
- The Medicare population with a diagnosis of ischemic heart disease is $31.6 \%$ for Miller County, compared to state and national averages of $28.2 \%$ and $28.6 \%$, respectively
- The Medicare population with a diagnosis of hyperlipidemia is $44.4 \%$ and $43.5 \%$ for Cole and Osage Counties, respectively, compared to state and national averages of $42.5 \%$ and $44.8 \%$, respectively
- The Medicare population with a diagnosis of hypertension is $55.5 \%$ and $55.7 \%$ for Cole and Osage Counties, respectively, compared to state and national averages of $55.1 \%$ and $55.5 \%$, respectively
- Counties mentioned were notably deficient out of the 4 counties included in the service area

SSMHealth

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Do you have a question about heart and vascular services at SSM Health?

## Visit our website at ssmhealthmidmo.com

## Cancer

## SSMHealth

Cancer is second only to heart disease as a leading cause of death in Cole, Miller, Moniteau and Osage Counties. The top five most common types of cancer in our region are breast, colon, lung, cervix and prostate. Specifically, breast cancer showed a significant increase of $14 \%$ in our region between 2008-2012.

There are a number of economic, environmental and lifestyle factors that contribute to this disparity, including agricultural processes that can potentially introduce harmful byproducts into the human system, which can lead to the development of cancer. The data also illustrates that use of tobacco products is significantly greater in our service area than most communities. While SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City is not equipped to address all of these influencing factors, we are able to assist our community in providing cancer treatment options and promoting healthy lifestyle practices that are highly conducive to preventing the development of cancer. These include:

- Regular medical exams and screenings. By increasing the chances of discovering cancer early, the success rate of treating and ultimately overcoming a cancer diagnosis also increases
- Creation of a healthy diet and promoting physically active lifestyles
- The provision of smoking cessation programs
- Immunization to protect against viral infections that lead to the development of cancer


## Additional facts and figures

- Cancer prevalence in the Medicare population averages $9.1 \%$ and $9.6 \%$ for Cole and Osage Counties, respectively, compared to averages of $7.9 \%$ and $7.9 \%$ in the state and nation, respectively
- The age-adjusted death rate due to lung cancer is 71.7 per 100,000 persons in Miller County, compared to rates of 57.5 and 48.4 deaths per 100,000 persons, in the state and nation, respectively
- The colorectal cancer incidence rate is 48.5 and 49.8 cases per 100,000 persons for Moniteau and Miller Counties, respectively, compared to rates of 45.6 and 43.3 cases per 100,000 persons in the state and nation, respectively
- Counties mentioned were notably deficient out of the 4 counties included in the service area

Do you have a question about oncology services at SSM Health?

Visit our website at ssmhealthmidmo.com

## Going Forward

## 0 SSMHealth

## Achieving our Goals, Now and in the Future

SSM Health is committed to improving the health of our communities through collaborative efforts to address unmet needs.


## SSM Health

SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City is pleased to make this source of reliable, current community health and population data available to our community. We invite community organizations, planners, policy makers, educational institutions and residents to use this site as a tool to understand and track community health issues and plan strategies for improvement.

Please visit ssmhealth.com/system for more information.

Explore Data



FIND HEALTH DISPARITIES

## Healthy People 2020 Progress Tracker

The Healthy People 2020 progress tracker provides a platform for measuring improvement of population health metrics associated with the US Healthy People 2020 objectives. The health objectives and 2020 goals allow communities to assess their health status through a comprehensive set of key disease indicators and create action plans relative to key priorities.

| Indicator | Current and <br> Target | Data | Since <br> Prior <br> Period | Status |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Access to Health Services |  | Current: 78.1 <br> Target: 100.0 <br> percent <br> Current: 93.4 |  |  |
| Adults with Health Insurance MAP |  |  |  |  |
| Target: 100.0 |  |  |  |  |
| percent |  |  |  |  |

SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City 2505 Mission Drive | Jefferson City, MO 65109

## 2016-2018

## Appendices



## Appendix

## Additional demographic information

| DEMOGRAPHIC CHARACTERISTICS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Selected Area | USA |  |  |  | 2015 | 2020 | \% Change |
| 2010 Total Population |  | 168,778 | 308,745,538 |  | Total Male Population |  | 86,534 | 87,490 | 1.1\% |
| 2015 Total Population |  | 170,185 | 319,459,991 |  | Total Female Population |  | 83,651 | 84,631 | 1.2\% |
| 2020 Total Population |  | 172,121 | 330,689,365 |  | Females, Child Bearing Age (15-44) |  | 31,059 | 31,254 | 0.6\% |
| \%Change 2015-2020 |  | 1.1\% | 3.5\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average Household Income |  | \$60,928 | \$74,165 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| POPULATION DISTRIBUTION |  |  |  |  | HOUSEHOLD INCOME DISTRIBUTION |  |  |  |  |
| Age Distribution |  |  |  |  | 2015 Household Income |  | Income Distribution |  |  |
| Age Group 2015 | \% of Total | 2020 |  USA 2015 <br> \% of Total \% of Total |  |  |  | HH Count | \% of Total | $\begin{gathered} \text { USA } \\ \% \text { of Total } \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0-14 32,290 <br> 150  | 19.0\% | 31,481 | 18.3\% | 19.1\% | <\$15K |  | 8,171 | 12.5\% | 12.7\% |
| 15-17 $\quad 6,779$ | 4.0\% | 7,076 | 4.1\% | 4.0\% | \$15-25K |  | 7,622 | 11.6\% | 10.8\% |
| 18-24 16,612 | 9.8\% | 17,473 | 10.2\% | 9.9\% | \$25-50K |  | 17,311 | 26.4\% | 23.9\% |
| 25-34 21,795 | 12.8\% | 21,377 | 12.4\% | 13.3\% | \$50-75K |  | 13,623 | 20.8\% | 17.8\% |
| 35-54 44,846 | 26.4\% | 42,481 | 24.7\% | 26.3\% | \$75-100K |  | 8,058 | 12.3\% | 12.0\% |
| 55-64 22,416 | 13.2\% | 22,701 | 13.2\% | 12.7\% | Over \$100K |  | 10,673 | 16.3\% | 22.8\% |
| 65+ 25,447 | 15.0\% | 29,532 | 17.2\% | 14.7\% |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total $\quad 170,185$ | 100.0\% | 172,121 | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | Total |  | 65,458 | 100.0\% | 100.0\% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| EDUCATION LEVEL |  |  |  |  | RACE/ETHNICITY |  |  |  |  |
| 2015 Adult Education Level |  | Education Level Distribution |  |  | Race/Ethnicity |  | Race/Ethnicity Distribution |  |  |
|  |  | Pop Age 25+ |  | USA <br> \% of Total |  |  |  |  | USA <br> \% of Total |
|  |  | \% of Total | \% of Total | 2015 Pop |  |  | \% of Total | \% of Total |  |
| Less than High School |  |  | 4,608 | 4.0\% | 5.9\% | White Non-Hispanic |  | 149,250 | 87.7\% | 61.8\% |
| Some High School |  | 9,456 | 8.3\% | 8.0\% | Black Non-Hispanic |  | 11,575 | 6.8\% | 12.3\% |
| High School Degree |  | 41,085 | 35.9\% | 28.1\% | Hispanic |  | 4,417 | 2.6\% | 17.6\% |
| Some College/Assoc. Degree |  | 31,258 | 27.3\% | 29.1\% | Asian \& Pacific Is. Non-Hispanic |  | 1,347 | 0.8\% | 5.3\% |
| Bachelor's Degree or Greater |  | 28,097 | 24.5\% | 28.9\% | All Others |  | 3,596 | 2.1\% | 3.1\% |
| Total |  | 114,504 | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | Total |  | 170,185 | 100.0\% | 100.0\% |

## Appendix

## Healthy Communities Institute scorecard - Cole County

- SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City is pleased to make this source of community health and population data available to our community. We invite community organizations, planners, policy makers, educational institutions and residents to use this site as a tool to understand and track community health issues and
 plan strategies for improvement
- Indicators below are pre-sorted in order of decreasing severity
- Indicator HCl score correlates with severity gauge pictured
- Updated data can be found online at ssmhealth.com/system

| HCI Score | Indicator | Units | County Value | State Value | National Value | HP2020 <br> Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2.83 | Osteoporosis: Medicare Population | percent | 8.9 | 6.1 | 6.4 |  |
| 2.83 | People 65+ Living Alone | percent | 32.1 | 28.3 | 27 |  |
| 2.61 | Cancer: Medicare Population | percent | 9.1 | 7.9 | 7.9 |  |
| 2.61 | Chlamydia Incidence Rate | cases/100,000 population | 555.2 | 453.8 | 446.6 |  |
| 2.5 | Depression: Medicare Population | percent | 18.7 | 18.6 | 15.4 |  |
| 2.42 | Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Diabetes | deaths/100,000 population | 24.3 | 20.3 | 21.3 |  |
| 2.42 | Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Suicide | deaths/100,000 population | 16 | 15.3 | 12.5 | 10.2 |
| 2.36 | Oral Cavity and Pharynx Cancer Incidence Rate | cases/100,000 population | 14.3 | 11.5 | 11.2 |  |
| 2.33 | Chlamydia Incidence Rate: Females 15-19 | cases/100,000 females aged 15-19 | 4040.7 | 3607 |  |  |
| 2.33 | Single-Parent Households | percent | 36.2 | 33.6 | 33.3 |  |
| 2.28 | Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Alzheimer's Disease | deaths/100,000 population | 37.2 | 26.9 | 24 |  |
| 2.28 | Gonorrhea Incidence Rate | cases/100,000 population | 119.2 | 125.3 | 106.1 |  |
| 2.28 | Workers Commuting by Public Transportation | percent | 0.3 | 1.5 | 5 | 5.5 |
| 2.25 | High School Graduation | percent | 72.1 | 86 | 80 | 82.4 |
| 2.22 | Prostate Cancer Incidence Rate | cases/100,000 males | 154.3 | 121.8 | 142.3 |  |
| 2.22 | Workers who Walk to Work | percent | 1.6 | 2 | 2.8 | 3.1 |
| 2.08 | Adults who are Overweight | percent | 39.1 | 34.3 | 35.7 |  |
| 2.06 | Mothers who Received Early Prenatal Care | percent | 74 | 77.9 |  | 77.9 |
| 2 | Fast Food Restaurant Density | restaurants/1,000 population | 0.8 |  |  |  |
| 2 | Rheumatoid Arthritis or Osteoarthritis: Medicare Population | percent | 33.9 | 30.9 | 29 |  |
| 2 | SNAP Certified Stores | stores/1,000 population | 0.6 |  |  |  |
| 2 | Workers who Drive Alone to Work | percent | 82.3 | 81.5 | 76.3 |  |
| 1.94 | Hyperlipidemia: Medicare Population | percent | 44.4 | 42.5 | 44.8 |  |
| 1.94 | Infant Mortality Rate | deaths/1,000 live births | 7.7 | 7.3 |  | 6 |
| 1.89 | Stroke: Medicare Population | percent | 3.9 | 3.8 | 3.8 |  |
| 1.83 | Alzheimer's Disease or Dementia: Medicare Population | percent | 10.5 | 9.7 | 9.8 |  |
| 1.83 | Breast Cancer Incidence Rate | cases/100,000 females | 129.2 | 122.6 | 122.7 |  |
| 1.83 | Young Children Living Below Poverty Level | percent | 26.1 | 26 | 24.7 |  |
| 1.78 | Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Cerebrovascular Disease (Stroke) | deaths/100,000 population | 40.8 | 42.1 | 37 | 34.8 |
| 1.78 | COPD: Medicare Population | percent | 12.9 | 13.1 | 11.3 |  |
| 1.78 | Diabetes: Medicare Population | percent | 26.6 | 26.1 | 27 |  |
| 1.75 | Adults who Drink Excessively | percent | 20.5 | 17 |  | 25.4 |
| 1.72 | Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases | deaths/100,000 population | 53.6 | 51.7 | 42.1 |  |
| 1.67 | Children with Low Access to a Grocery Store | percent | 6 |  |  |  |
| 1.67 | Households without a Vehicle | percent | 6.8 | 7.3 | 9.1 |  |
| 1.67 | Hypertension: Medicare Population | percent | 55.5 | 55.1 | 55.5 |  |
| 1.58 | Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Prostate Cancer | deaths/100,000 males | 22.3 | 20.7 | 22.3 | 21.8 |
| 1.58 | Student-to-Teacher Ratio | students/teacher | 14.2 | 14.3 |  |  |
| 1.56 | Grocery Store Density | stores/1,000 population | 0.2 |  |  |  |
| 1.5 | All Cancer Incidence Rate | cases/100,000 population | 470.2 | 456.9 | 459.8 |  |
| 1.5 | Atrial Fibrillation: Medicare Population | percent | 8.3 | 7.8 | 7.8 |  |
| 1.5 | Children Living Below Poverty Level | percent | 20.1 | 21.6 | 21.6 |  |
| 1.5 | Pap Test History | percent | 73.4 | 74.9 |  |  |
| 1.5 | People 65+ with Low Access to a Grocery Store | percent | 2.7 |  |  |  |
| 1.5 | Violent Crime Rate | crimes/100,000 population | 387.5 | 452 |  |  |

## Appendix

## Healthy Communities Institute scorecard - Cole County (continued)



- SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City is pleased to make this source of community health and population data available to our community. We invite community organizations, planners, policy makers, educational institutions and residents to use this site as a tool to understand and track community health issues and plan strategies for improvement
- Indicators below are pre-sorted in order of decreasing severity
- Indicator HCl score correlates with severity gauge pictured
- Updated data can be found online at ssmhealth.com/system

| HCI Score | Indicator | Units | County Value | State Value | National Value | HP2020 Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1.44 | Syphilis Incidence Rate | cases/100,000 population | 1.3 | 4.2 | 5.5 |  |
| 1.42 | Diabetic Screening: Medicare Population | percent | 85.3 | 86 |  |  |
| 1.42 | Non-Physician Primary Care Provider Rate | providers/100,000 population | 59 | 59 |  |  |
| 1.42 | Social and Economic Factors Ranking | (blank) | 29 |  |  |  |
| 1.33 | Adult Fruit and Vegetable Consumption | percent | 13.6 | 12.5 |  |  |
| 1.33 | Colorectal Cancer Incidence Rate | cases/100,000 population | 45.2 | 45.6 | 43.3 | 38.6 |
| 1.33 | Food Insecurity Rate | percent | 15.4 | 17 | 15.8 |  |
| 1.33 | Low-Income and Low Access to a Grocery Store | percent | 6 |  |  |  |
| 1.31 | Mothers who Smoked During Pregnancy | percent | 14.9 | 17.5 | 8.5 | 1.4 |
| 1.28 | Homeownership | percent | 60.4 | 59.5 | 56.9 |  |
| 1.28 | Life Expectancy for Males | years | 75.8 | 74.6 | 76.1 |  |
| 1.25 | Access to Exercise Opportunities | percent | 73.7 | 77.5 |  |  |
| 1.25 | Children with Health Insurance | percent | 93.4 | 92.9 |  | 100 |
| 1.25 | Clinical Care Ranking | (blank) | 6 |  |  |  |
| 1.25 | Food Environment Index | (blank) | 7.4 | 7 |  |  |
| 1.25 | Health Behaviors Ranking | (blank) | 14 |  |  |  |
| 1.25 | Morbidity Ranking | (blank) | 26 |  |  |  |
| 1.25 | Mortality Ranking | (blank) | 22 |  |  |  |
| 1.25 | Physical Environment Ranking | (blank) | 19 |  |  |  |
| 1.25 | Preventable Hospital Stays | discharges/1,000 Medicare enrollees | 59 | 65 |  |  |
| 1.22 | Ischemic Heart Disease: Medicare Population | percent | 27.8 | 28.2 | 28.6 |  |
| 1.19 | Students Eligible for the Free Lunch Program | percent | 35.1 | 38 |  |  |
| 1.17 | Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Cancer | deaths/100,000 population | 177.9 | 185.9 | 173.8 | 161.4 |
| 1.17 | Households with No Car and Low Access to a Grocery Store | percent | 1.9 |  |  |  |
| 1.17 | People Living 200\% Above Poverty Level | percent | 70.7 | 64.7 | 65.8 |  |
| 1.17 | Recognized Carcinogens Released into Air | pounds | 306 |  |  |  |
| 1.14 | Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Kidney Disease | deaths/100,000 population | 13.7 | 17.9 | 13.3 |  |
| 1.11 | Adults with Health Insurance | percent | 85 | 81.5 | 79.7 | 100 |
| 1.11 | Asthma: Medicare Population | percent | 3.7 | 4.6 | 4.9 |  |
| 1.08 | Adults with Diabetes | percent | 10.2 | 10.7 |  |  |
| 1.08 | Dentist Rate | dentists/100,000 population | 54 | 52 |  |  |
| 1.08 | Drinking Water Violations | percent | 0.4 | 4.4 |  |  |
| 1.08 | Mammography Screening: Medicare Population | percent | 68.8 | 62 |  |  |
| 1.08 | Premature Death | years/100,000 population | 6961.1 | 7714 |  |  |
| 1.06 | Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Breast Cancer | deaths/100,000 females | 22.5 | 23.8 | 22.2 | 20.7 |
| 1.06 | Households with Cash Public Assistance Income | percent | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.8 |  |
| 1.06 | Per Capita Income | dollars | 26160 | 25649 | 28155 |  |
| 1 | Chronic Kidney Disease: Medicare Population | percent | 12.3 | 15.4 | 15.5 |  |
| 1 | Colon Cancer Screening | percent | 75.6 | 66.6 |  |  |
| 1 | Families Living Below Poverty Level | percent | 9.2 | 11.1 | 11.3 |  |
| 1 | High Cholesterol Prevalence: Adults 35+ | percent | 36.6 | 42.9 |  |  |
| 1 | Liquor Store Density | stores/100,000 population | 5.2 | 6.4 | 10.4 |  |
| 1 | People Living Below Poverty Level | percent | 13.3 | 15.5 | 15.4 |  |

## Appendix

## Healthy Communities Institute scorecard - Cole County (continued)

- SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City is pleased to make this source of community health and population data available to our community. We invite community organizations, planners, policy makers, educational institutions and residents to use this site as a tool to understand and track community health issues and
 plan strategies for improvement
- Indicators below are pre-sorted in order of decreasing severity
- Indicator HCl score correlates with severity gauge pictured
- Updated data can be found online at ssmhealth.com/system

| HCI Score | Indicator | Units | County <br> Value | State Value | National Value | HP2020 <br> Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0.97 | Farmers Market Density | markets/1,000 population | 0.1 |  | 0 |  |
| 0.97 | High Blood Pressure Prevalence | percent | 28.2 | 32.6 | 30.8 | 26.9 |
| 0.92 | Death Rate due to Drug Poisoning | deaths/100,000 population | 10.6 | 14.4 |  |  |
| 0.92 | Persons with Disability Living in Poverty | percent | 23.1 | 30.1 | 28.2 |  |
| 0.92 | Poor Physical Health Days | days | 3.3 | 3.7 |  |  |
| 0.92 | Self-Reported General Health Assessment: Poor or Fair | percent | 13.7 | 16 |  |  |
| 0.89 | Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Colorectal Cancer | deaths/100,000 population | 15.9 | 17.1 | 15.9 | 14.5 |
| 0.89 | Low-Income Preschool Obesity | percent | 10.9 |  |  |  |
| 0.86 | Poor Mental Health Days | days | 2.5 | 3.8 |  |  |
| 0.86 | Preterm Births | percent | 10.7 | 11.5 | 11.4 | 11.4 |
| 0.86 | Recreation and Fitness Facilities | facilities/1,000 population | 0.1 |  | 0.1 |  |
| 0.83 | Adults who are Sedentary | percent | 22.9 |  |  | 32.6 |
| 0.83 | Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Lung Cancer | deaths/100,000 population | 50.7 | 57.7 | 48.4 | 45.5 |
| 0.83 | Child Food Insecurity Rate | percent | 19.8 | 21.6 | 21.4 |  |
| 0.83 | Heart Failure: Medicare Population | percent | 13.8 | 14.3 | 14.6 |  |
| 0.83 | Life Expectancy for Females | years | 80.6 | 79.6 | 80.8 |  |
| 0.83 | Renters Spending 30\% or More of Household Income on Rent | percent | 38.7 | 49.4 | 52.3 |  |
| 0.81 | Voter Turnout | percent | 69.6 | 66 | 61.8 |  |
| 0.78 | Unemployed Workers in Civilian Labor Force | percent | 4.9 | 6.1 | 5.6 |  |
| 0.75 | Adults who are Obese | percent | 25.7 | 30 | 27.8 | 30.5 |
| 0.75 | Adults who Smoke | percent | 18 | 22.6 |  | 12 |
| 0.75 | Adults with Current Asthma | percent | 5.9 | 10.1 | 9.1 |  |
| 0.75 | Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Influenza and Pneumonia | deaths/100,000 population | 14.3 | 17.6 | 15.4 |  |
| 0.75 | Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | percent | 22 | 34.6 |  |  |
| 0.75 | Babies with Low Birth Weight | percent | 7.1 | 8 | 8 | 7.8 |
| 0.75 | Babies with Very Low Birth Weight | percent | 1 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 |
| 0.75 | Primary Care Provider Rate | providers/100,000 population | 84 | 69 |  |  |
| 0.75 | Severe Housing Problems | percent | 9 | 14.2 |  |  |
| 0.75 | Social Associations | membership associations/10,000 population | 23.7 | 11.9 |  |  |
| 0.75 | Solo Drivers with a Long Commute | percent | 13.2 | 30.1 |  |  |
| 0.75 | Teen Birth Rate | live births/1,000 females aged 15-19 | 25.4 | 30 | 26.5 |  |
| 0.67 | Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Coronary Heart Disease | deaths/100,000 population | 101.9 | 123 | 105.7 | 103.4 |
| 0.67 | Median Household Income | dollars | 53931 | 47380 | 53046 |  |
| 0.58 | Child Abuse Rate | cases/1,000 children | 1.4 | 4.2 | 9.2 | 8.5 |
| 0.56 | People 25+ with a Bachelor's Degree or Higher | percent | 30.8 | 26.2 | 28.8 |  |
| 0.5 | Houses Built Prior to 1950 | percent | 14.7 | 20 | 18.9 |  |
| 0.5 | Lung and Bronchus Cancer Incidence Rate | cases/100,000 population | 64.5 | 76.1 | 64.9 |  |
| 0.5 | People 25+ with a High School Degree or Higher | percent | 90.4 | 87.6 | 86 |  |
| 0.42 | Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Motor Vehicle Traffic Collisions | deaths/100,000 population | 9.8 | 13.7 | 10.8 | 12.4 |
| 0.33 | Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Unintentional Injuries | deaths/100,000 population | 34.5 | 48.4 | 39.2 | 36.4 |
| 0.17 | Mean Travel Time to Work | minutes | 16.9 | 23.1 | 25.5 |  |
| 0.17 | People 65+ Living Below Poverty Level | percent | 6.2 | 8.9 | 9.4 |  |

## Appendix

## Healthy Communities Institute scorecard - Miller County



- SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City is pleased to make this source of community health and population data available to our community. We invite community organizations, planners, policy makers, educational institutions and residents to use this site as a tool to understand and track community health issues and plan strategies for improvement
- Indicators below are pre-sorted in order of decreasing severity
- Indicator HCl score correlates with severity gauge pictured
- Updated data can be found online at ssmhealth.com/system

| HCI Score | Indicator | Units | County Value | State <br> Value | National Value | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline \text { HP2020 } \\ \text { Value } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2.83 | Children Living Below Poverty Level | percent | 31.4 | 21.6 | 21.6 |  |
| 2.83 | Mean Travel Time to Work | minutes | 28.8 | 23.1 | 25.5 |  |
| 2.83 | Single-Parent Households | percent | 38.4 | 33.6 | 33.3 |  |
| 2.67 | People Living Below Poverty Level | percent | 20.9 | 15.5 | 15.4 |  |
| 2.61 | Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Unintentional Injuries | deaths/100,000 population | 61.8 | 48.4 | 39.2 | 36.4 |
| 2.61 | Households with Cash Public Assistance Income | percent | 3.9 | 2.5 | 2.8 |  |
| 2.61 | Median Household Income | dollars | 35507 | 47380 | 53046 |  |
| 2.61 | People Living 200\% Above Poverty Level | percent | 52.5 | 64.7 | 65.8 |  |
| 2.61 | Unemployed Workers in Civilian Labor Force | percent | 8.1 | 6.1 | 5.6 |  |
| 2.56 | Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Lung Cancer | deaths/100,000 population | 71.7 | 57.7 | 48.4 | 45.5 |
| 2.5 | Cancer: Medicare Population | percent | 8.1 | 7.9 | 7.9 |  |
| 2.5 | Families Living Below Poverty Level | percent | 14.8 | 11.1 | 11.3 |  |
| 2.44 | Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases | deaths/100,000 population | 69.7 | 51.7 | 42.1 |  |
| 2.44 | Young Children Living Below Poverty Level | percent | 35.3 | 26 | 24.7 |  |
| 2.42 | Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Motor Vehicle Traffic Collisions | deaths/100,000 population | 41.1 | 13.2 | 10.7 | 12.4 |
| 2.39 | Ischemic Heart Disease: Medicare Population | percent | 31.6 | 28.2 | 28.6 |  |
| 2.39 | Lung and Bronchus Cancer Incidence Rate | cases/100,000 population | 90.1 | 76.1 | 64.9 |  |
| 2.33 | Child Food Insecurity Rate | percent | 26.3 | 21.6 | 21.4 |  |
| 2.28 | Colorectal Cancer Incidence Rate | cases/100,000 population | 49.8 | 45.6 | 43.3 | 38.6 |
| 2.25 | Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Influenza and Pneumonia | deaths/100,000 population | 24.6 | 18.1 | 15.8 |  |
| 2.25 | Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Prostate Cancer | deaths/100,000 males | 26.4 | 20.7 | 22.3 | 21.8 |
| 2.25 | Drinking Water Violations | percent | 44.9 | 4.4 |  |  |
| 2.25 | Non-Physician Primary Care Provider Rate | providers/100,000 population | 16 | 59 |  |  |
| 2.25 | Primary Care Provider Rate | providers/100,000 population | 20 | 69 |  |  |
| 2.25 | Students Eligible for the Free Lunch Program | percent | 46.7 | 38 |  |  |
| 2.19 | Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Diabetes | deaths/100,000 population | 24.6 | 20.3 | 21.3 |  |
| 2.17 | People 65+ Living Below Poverty Level | percent | 14.2 | 8.9 | 9.4 |  |
| 2.14 | Adults who Smoke | percent | 27.6 | 22.6 |  | 12 |
| 2.14 | Self-Reported General Health Assessment: Poor or Fair | percent | 22.1 | 16 |  |  |
| 2.11 | Depression: Medicare Population | percent | 17 | 18.6 | 15.4 |  |
| 2.11 | Workers Commuting by Public Transportation | percent | 0.4 | 1.5 | 5 | 5.5 |
| 2.08 | Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | percent | 39.3 | 34.6 |  |  |
| 2.08 | Dentist Rate | dentists/100,000 population | 24 | 52 |  |  |
| 2.08 | Diabetic Screening: Medicare Population | percent | 84.8 | 86 |  |  |
| 2.08 | High Blood Pressure Prevalence | percent | 35.8 | 32.6 | 30.8 | 26.9 |
| 2.08 | Mothers who Smoked During Pregnancy | percent | 23.1 | 17.5 | 8.5 | 1.4 |
| 2.08 | Oral Cavity and Pharynx Cancer Incidence Rate | cases/100,000 population | 13.1 | 11.5 | 11.2 |  |
| 2.08 | Teen Birth Rate | live births/1,000 females aged 15-19 | 42.6 | 30 | 26.5 |  |
| 2.06 | Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Cancer | deaths/100,000 population | 193.7 | 185.9 | 173.8 | 161.4 |
| 2.06 | Workers who Walk to Work | percent | 1.8 | 2 | 2.8 | 3.1 |
| 2 | Adult Fruit and Vegetable Consumption | percent | 6.7 | 12.5 |  |  |
| 2 | High Cholesterol Prevalence: Adults 35+ | percent | 47.9 | 42.9 |  |  |
| 2 | Life Expectancy for Males | years | 73.4 | 74.6 | 76.1 |  |
| 2 | Per Capita Income | dollars | 19385 | 25649 | 28155 |  |

## Appendix

## Healthy Communities Institute scorecard - Miller County (continued)



- SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City is pleased to make this source of community health and population data available to our community. We invite community organizations, planners, policy makers, educational institutions and residents to use this site as a tool to understand and track community health issues and plan strategies for improvement
- Indicators below are pre-sorted in order of decreasing severity
- Indicator HCl score correlates with severity gauge pictured
- Updated data can be found online at ssmhealth.com/system

| HCI Score | Indicator | Units | County <br> Value | State Value | National Value | HP2020 <br> Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1.97 | Poor Physical Health Days | days | 4.4 | 3.7 |  |  |
| 1.94 | COPD: Medicare Population | percent | 13.5 | 13.1 | 11.3 |  |
| 1.92 | Access to Exercise Opportunities | percent | 55.2 | 77.5 |  |  |
| 1.92 | Adults with Diabetes | percent | 11.9 | 10.7 |  |  |
| 1.92 | Children with Health Insurance | percent | 91.3 | 92.9 |  | 100 |
| 1.92 | Solo Drivers with a Long Commute | percent | 37.8 | 30.1 |  |  |
| 1.89 | Adults with Health Insurance | percent | 77.8 | 81.5 | 79.7 | 100 |
| 1.83 | Atrial Fibrillation: Medicare Population | percent | 7.9 | 7.8 | 7.8 |  |
| 1.83 | Fast Food Restaurant Density | restaurants/1,000 population | 0.7 |  |  |  |
| 1.83 | Households with No Car and Low Access to a Grocery Store | percent | 3.8 |  |  |  |
| 1.83 | People 25+ with a Bachelor's Degree or Higher | percent | 14.5 | 26.2 | 28.8 |  |
| 1.83 | Renters Spending 30\% or More of Household Income on Rent | percent | 48.5 | 49.4 | 52.3 |  |
| 1.81 | Adults who are Obese | percent | 31.8 | 30 | 27.8 | 30.5 |
| 1.75 | Adults who are Overweight | percent | 36.3 | 34.3 | 35.7 |  |
| 1.75 | Health Behaviors Ranking | (blank) | 88 |  |  |  |
| 1.75 | Physical Environment Ranking | (blank) | 97 |  |  |  |
| 1.75 | Social and Economic Factors Ranking | (blank) | 92 |  |  |  |
| 1.72 | Life Expectancy for Females | years | 79.2 | 79.6 | 80.8 |  |
| 1.67 | Chlamydia Incidence Rate: Females 15-19 | cases/100,000 females aged 15-19 | 2128.8 | 3607 |  |  |
| 1.67 | Colon Cancer Screening | percent | 59.5 | 66.6 |  |  |
| 1.67 | Food Insecurity Rate | percent | 16.8 | 17 | 15.8 |  |
| 1.61 | Mothers who Received Early Prenatal Care | percent | 75 | 77.9 |  | 77.9 |
| 1.58 | Babies with Low Birth Weight | percent | 7.9 | 8 | 8 | 7.8 |
| 1.58 | Clinical Care Ranking | (blank) | 74 |  |  |  |
| 1.58 | Preventable Hospital Stays | discharges/1,000 Medicare enrollees | 69 | 65 |  |  |
| 1.58 | Severe Housing Problems | percent | 14.2 | 14.2 |  |  |
| 1.56 | People 25+ with a High School Degree or Higher | percent | 84.8 | 87.6 | 86 |  |
| 1.5 | Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Coronary Heart Disease | deaths/100,000 population | 110.9 | 123 | 105.7 | 103.4 |
| 1.5 | Hypertension: Medicare Population | percent | 53 | 55.1 | 55.5 |  |
| 1.5 | People 65+ Living Alone | percent | 29.4 | 28.3 | 27 |  |
| 1.47 | Mammography Screening: Medicare Population | percent | 59.6 | 62 |  |  |
| 1.47 | Voter Turnout | percent | 62.4 | 66 | 61.8 |  |
| 1.44 | Grocery Store Density | stores/1,000 population | 0.2 |  |  |  |
| 1.42 | Child Abuse Rate | cases/1,000 children | 5.8 | 4.4 | 9.1 | 8.5 |
| 1.42 | Morbidity Ranking | (blank) | 44 |  |  |  |
| 1.42 | Mortality Ranking | (blank) | 47 |  |  |  |
| 1.42 | Student-to-Teacher Ratio | students/teacher | 13.2 | 14.3 |  |  |
| 1.33 | Adults who are Sedentary | percent | 28.8 |  |  | 32.6 |
| 1.33 | Syphilis Incidence Rate | cases/100,000 population | 0 | 4.2 | 5.5 |  |
| 1.28 | Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Breast Cancer | deaths/100,000 females | 22.5 | 23.8 | 22.2 | 20.7 |
| 1.28 | Asthma: Medicare Population | percent | 4.1 | 4.6 | 4.9 |  |
| 1.28 | Chlamydia Incidence Rate | cases/100,000 population | 286.1 | 453.8 | 446.6 |  |
| 1.28 | Homeownership | percent | 60.8 | 59.5 | 56.9 |  |
| 1.28 | Infant Mortality Rate | deaths/1,000 live births | 6.6 | 7.3 |  | 6 |

## Appendix

## Healthy Communities Institute scorecard - Miller County (continued)

- SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City is pleased to make this source of community health and population data available to our community. We invite community organizations, planners, policy makers, educational institutions and residents to use this site as a tool to understand and track community health issues and
 plan strategies for improvement
- Indicators below are pre-sorted in order of decreasing severity
- Indicator HCl score correlates with severity gauge pictured
- Updated data can be found online at ssmhealth.com/system

| HCI Score | Indicator | Units | County <br> Value | State <br> Value | National Value | HP2020 <br> Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1.25 | Food Environment Index | (blank) | 7.5 | 7 |  |  |
| 1.25 | Premature Death | years/100,000 population | 7772.6 | 7714 |  |  |
| 1.25 | Social Associations | membership associations/10,000 population | 13.3 | 11.9 |  |  |
| 1.22 | Low-Income Preschool Obesity | percent | 13.1 |  |  |  |
| 1.22 | SNAP Certified Stores | stores/1,000 population | 1 |  |  |  |
| 1.17 | All Cancer Incidence Rate | cases/100,000 population | 424 | 456.9 | 459.8 |  |
| 1.17 | Pap Test History | percent | 75.1 | 74.9 |  |  |
| 1.17 | Workers who Drive Alone to Work | percent | 75.9 | 81.5 | 76.3 |  |
| 1.11 | Hyperlipidemia: Medicare Population | percent | 39.5 | 42.5 | 44.8 |  |
| 1.11 | Osteoporosis: Medicare Population | percent | 5.2 | 6.1 | 6.4 |  |
| 1.06 | Households without a Vehicle | percent | 6 | 7.3 | 9.1 |  |
| 1.03 | High School Graduation | percent | 90.5 | 86 | 80 | 82.4 |
| 1 | Children with Low Access to a Grocery Store | percent | 1.1 |  |  |  |
| 1 | Low-Income and Low Access to a Grocery Store | percent | 1.4 |  |  |  |
| 1 | People 65+ with Low Access to a Grocery Store | percent | 0.7 |  |  |  |
| 1 | Violent Crime Rate | crimes $/ 100,000$ population | 264.8 | 452 |  |  |
| 0.92 | Death Rate due to Drug Poisoning | deaths/100,000 population | 10.4 | 14.4 |  |  |
| 0.89 | Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Colorectal Cancer | deaths/100,000 population | 14.9 | 17.1 | 15.9 | 14.5 |
| 0.83 | Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Alzheimer's Disease | deaths/100,000 population | 23.5 | 26.9 | 24 |  |
| 0.83 | Chronic Kidney Disease: Medicare Population | percent | 10.7 | 15.4 | 15.5 |  |
| 0.83 | Gonorrhea Incidence Rate | cases/100,000 population | 20.1 | 125.3 | 106.1 |  |
| 0.81 | Farmers Market Density | markets/1,000 population | 0.1 |  | 0 |  |
| 0.75 | Adults with Current Asthma | percent | 5.8 | 10.1 | 9.1 |  |
| 0.72 | Rheumatoid Arthritis or Osteoarthritis: Medicare Population | percent | 27.4 | 30.9 | 29 |  |
| 0.64 | Preterm Births | percent | 10.2 | 11.5 | 11.4 | 11.4 |
| 0.64 | Recreation and Fitness Facilities | facilities/1,000 population | 0.1 |  | 0.1 |  |
| 0.58 | Babies with Very Low Birth Weight | percent | 0 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 |
| 0.56 | Diabetes: Medicare Population | percent | 23.3 | 26.1 | 27 |  |
| 0.56 | Houses Built Prior to 1950 | percent | 14.1 | 20 | 18.9 |  |
| 0.56 | Prostate Cancer Incidence Rate | cases/100,000 males | 98 | 121.8 | 142.3 |  |
| 0.5 | Breast Cancer Incidence Rate | cases/100,000 females | 94.8 | 122.6 | 122.7 |  |
| 0.5 | Stroke: Medicare Population | percent | 3.3 | 3.8 | 3.8 |  |
| 0.42 | Adults who Drink Excessively | percent | 13.5 | 17 |  | 25.4 |
| 0.42 | Poor Mental Health Days | days | 2.8 | 3.8 |  |  |
| 0.22 | Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Cerebrovascular Disease (Stroke) | deaths/100,000 population | 29.4 | 42.1 | 37 | 34.8 |
| 0.17 | Alzheimer's Disease or Dementia: Medicare Population | percent | 6.5 | 9.7 | 9.8 |  |
| 0.17 | Heart Failure: Medicare Population | percent | 12.5 | 14.3 | 14.6 |  |

## Appendix

## Healthy Communities Institute scorecard - Moniteau County



- SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City is pleased to make this source of community health and population data available to our community. We invite community organizations, planners, policy makers, educational institutions and residents to use this site as a tool to understand and track community health issues and plan strategies for improvement
- Indicators below are pre-sorted in order of decreasing severity
- Indicator HCl score correlates with severity gauge pictured
- Updated data can be found online at ssmhealth.com/system

| HCl Score | Indicator | Units | County <br> Value | State <br> Value | National <br> Value | HP2020 <br> Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2.83 | Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases | deaths/100,000 population | 71.8 | 51.7 | 42.1 |  |
| 2.78 | Workers who Walk to Work | percent | 1.1 | 2 | 2.8 | 3.1 |
| 2.67 | Workers Commuting by Public Transportation | percent | 0 | 1.5 | 5 | 5.5 |
| 2.5 | Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Coronary Heart Disease | deaths/100,000 population | 137.1 | 123 | 105.7 | 103.4 |
| 2.5 | Mothers who Received Early Prenatal Care | percent | 68.8 | 77.9 |  | 77.9 |
| 2.44 | People 65+ Living Below Poverty Level | percent | 12.8 | 8.9 | 9.4 |  |
| 2.42 | Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Prostate Cancer | deaths/100,000 males | 51.9 | 21.8 | 23 | 21.8 |
| 2.33 | Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Colorectal Cancer | deaths/100,000 population | 19.9 | 17.1 | 15.9 | 14.5 |
| 2.28 | Colorectal Cancer Incidence Rate | cases/100,000 population | 48.5 | 45.6 | 43.3 | 38.6 |
| 2.25 | Access to Exercise Opportunities | percent | 37.3 | 77.5 |  |  |
| 2.25 | Adults with Current Asthma | percent | 13.7 | 10.1 | 9.1 |  |
| 2.25 | Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Diabetes | deaths/100,000 population | 72.3 | 20.3 | 21.3 |  |
| 2.25 | Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | percent | 45.5 | 34.6 |  |  |
| 2.25 | Farmers Market Density | markets/1,000 population | 0 |  | 0 |  |
| 2.25 | Non-Physician Primary Care Provider Rate | providers/100,000 population | 13 | 59 |  |  |
| 2.22 | Per Capita Income | dollars | 19451 | 25649 | 28155 |  |
| 2.19 | Children with Health Insurance | percent | 89.7 | 92.9 |  | 100 |
| 2.19 | Teen Birth Rate | live births/1,000 females aged 15-19 | 43.8 | 30 | 26.5 |  |
| 2.11 | SNAP Certified Stores | stores/1,000 population | 0.6 |  |  |  |
| 2.08 | Mothers who Smoked During Pregnancy | percent | 20.5 | 17.5 | 8.5 | 1.4 |
| 2.08 | Primary Care Provider Rate | providers/100,000 population | 32 | 69 |  |  |
| 2.06 | Cancer: Medicare Population | percent | 8.3 | 7.9 | 7.9 |  |
| 2.06 | Houses Built Prior to 1950 | percent | 23.4 | 20 | 18.9 |  |
| 2.06 | Osteoporosis: Medicare Population | percent | 6.5 | 6.1 | 6.4 |  |
| 2 | Mean Travel Time to Work | minutes | 25.8 | 23.1 | 25.5 |  |
| 1.94 | Life Expectancy for Females | years | 79.3 | 79.6 | 80.8 |  |
| 1.94 | Unemployed Workers in Civilian Labor Force | percent | 6.2 | 6.1 | 5.6 |  |
| 1.92 | Dentist Rate | dentists/100,000 population | 25 | 52 |  |  |
| 1.92 | Solo Drivers with a Long Commute | percent | 36.8 | 30.1 |  |  |
| 1.89 | Adults with Health Insurance | percent | 78 | 81.5 | 79.7 | 100 |
| 1.81 | Adults who are Obese | percent | 32.1 | 30 | 27.8 | 30.5 |
| 1.78 | COPD: Medicare Population | percent | 13 | 13.1 | 11.3 |  |
| 1.78 | Grocery Store Density | stores/1,000 population | 0.2 |  |  |  |
| 1.75 | Adults who are Overweight | percent | 36 | 34.3 | 35.7 |  |
| 1.72 | People 25+ with a Bachelor's Degree or Higher | percent | 18.1 | 26.2 | 28.8 |  |
| 1.72 | People 25+ with a High School Degree or Higher | percent | 82.3 | 87.6 | 86 |  |
| 1.67 | Chlamydia Incidence Rate: Females 15-19 | cases/100,000 females aged 15-19 | 1959.2 | 3607 |  |  |
| 1.61 | Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Cerebrovascular Disease (Stroke) | deaths/100,000 population | 41.3 | 44.1 | 38.9 | 34.8 |
| 1.61 | Median Household Income | dollars | 47118 | 47380 | 53046 |  |

## Appendix

## Healthy Communities Institute scorecard - Moniteau County (continued)

- SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City is pleased to make this source of community health and population data available to our community. We invite community organizations, planners, policy makers, educational institutions and
 residents to use this site as a tool to understand and track community health issues and plan strategies for improvement
- Indicators below are pre-sorted in order of decreasing severity
- Indicator HCl score correlates with severity gauge pictured
- Updated data can be found online at ssmhealth.com/system

| HCI Score | Indicator | Units | County Value | State <br> Value | National Value | HP2020 <br> Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1.5 | Breast Cancer Incidence Rate | cases/100,000 females | 113.9 | 122.6 | 122.7 |  |
| 1.5 | Colon Cancer Screening | percent | 60.4 | 66.6 |  |  |
| 1.5 | Fast Food Restaurant Density | restaurants/1,000 population | 0.5 |  |  |  |
| 1.5 | Households with No Car and Low Access to a Grocery Store | percent | 2.7 |  |  |  |
| 1.5 | Pap Test History | percent | 74.3 | 74.9 |  |  |
| 1.5 | Rheumatoid Arthritis or Osteoarthritis: Medicare Population | percent | 29.4 | 30.9 | 29 |  |
| 1.47 | Babies with Very Low Birth Weight | percent | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 |
| 1.42 | Child Abuse Rate | cases/1,000 children | 5.5 | 4.4 | 9.1 | 8.5 |
| 1.42 | Clinical Care Ranking | (blank) | 41 |  |  |  |
| 1.42 | Drinking Water Violations | percent | 2 | 4.4 |  |  |
| 1.42 | Health Behaviors Ranking | (blank) | 46 |  |  |  |
| 1.39 | Life Expectancy for Males | years | 75 | 74.6 | 76.1 |  |
| 1.36 | Preventable Hospital Stays | discharges/1,000 Medicare enrollees | 60 | 65 |  |  |
| 1.33 | Adult Fruit and Vegetable Consumption | percent | 12.8 | 12.5 |  |  |
| 1.33 | Children with Low Access to a Grocery Store | percent | 2.5 |  |  |  |
| 1.33 | Syphilis Incidence Rate | cases/100,000 population | 0 | 4.2 | 5.5 |  |
| 1.31 | Diabetic Screening: Medicare Population | percent | 85.9 | 86 |  |  |
| 1.28 | Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Cancer | deaths/100,000 population | 177.4 | 185.9 | 173.8 | 161.4 |
| 1.28 | Households without a Vehicle | percent | 6.4 | 7.3 | 9.1 |  |
| 1.25 | Morbidity Ranking | (blank) | 6 |  |  |  |
| 1.25 | Mortality Ranking | (blank) | 21 |  |  |  |
| 1.25 | Physical Environment Ranking | (blank) | 23 |  |  |  |
| 1.25 | Social and Economic Factors Ranking | (blank) | 18 |  |  |  |
| 1.22 | Atrial Fibrillation: Medicare Population | percent | 7.7 | 7.8 | 7.8 |  |
| 1.22 | Diabetes: Medicare Population | percent | 25.7 | 26.1 | 27 |  |
| 1.22 | Low-Income Preschool Obesity | percent | 12.8 |  |  |  |
| 1.19 | High School Graduation | percent | 89.2 | 86 | 80 | 82.4 |
| 1.19 | Students Eligible for the Free Lunch Program | percent | 36.3 | 38 |  |  |
| 1.17 | High Cholesterol Prevalence: Adults 35+ | percent | 39.1 | 42.9 |  |  |
| 1.17 | People 65+ Living Alone | percent | 26.4 | 28.3 | 27 |  |
| 1.11 | Chlamydia Incidence Rate | cases/100,000 population | 236.8 | 453.8 | 446.6 |  |
| 1.08 | Adults with Diabetes | percent | 10.6 | 10.7 |  |  |
| 1.06 | Heart Failure: Medicare Population | percent | 13.7 | 14.3 | 14.6 |  |
| 1.03 | Poor Mental Health Days | days | 3 | 3.8 |  |  |
| 1.03 | Premature Death | years/100,000 population | 6877.8 | 7714 |  |  |
| 1 | Adults who are Sedentary | percent | 26.3 |  |  | 32.6 |
| 1 | Low-Income and Low Access to a Grocery Store | percent | 2.7 |  |  |  |
| 1 | People 65+ with Low Access to a Grocery Store | percent | 1.3 |  |  |  |

## Appendix

## Healthy Communities Institute scorecard - Moniteau County (continued)

- SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City is pleased to make this source of community health and population data available to our community. We invite community organizations, planners, policy makers, educational institutions and
 residents to use this site as a tool to understand and track community health issues and plan strategies for improvement
- Indicators below are pre-sorted in order of decreasing severity
- Indicator HCl score correlates with severity gauge pictured
- Updated data can be found online at ssmhealth.com/system

| HCI Score | Indicator | Units | County <br> Value | State <br> Value | National Value | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} \text { HP2020 } \\ \text { Value } \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0.97 | Mammography Screening: Medicare Population | percent | 63.6 | 62 |  |  |
| 0.94 | Prostate Cancer Incidence Rate | cases/100,000 males | 109.3 | 121.8 | 142.3 |  |
| 0.94 | Workers who Drive Alone to Work | percent | 76.1 | 81.5 | 76.3 |  |
| 0.92 | Food Environment Index | (blank) | 7.9 | 7 |  |  |
| 0.92 | Student-to-Teacher Ratio | students/teacher | 12.1 | 14.3 |  |  |
| 0.89 | Hypertension: Medicare Population | percent | 50.6 | 55.1 | 55.5 |  |
| 0.89 | Liquor Store Density | stores/100,000 population | 6.4 | 6.4 | 10.4 |  |
| 0.89 | People Living 200\% Above Poverty Level | percent | 67.6 | 64.7 | 65.8 |  |
| 0.86 | Recreation and Fitness Facilities | facilities/1,000 population | 0.1 |  | 0.1 |  |
| 0.83 | Chronic Kidney Disease: Medicare Population | percent | 10.1 | 15.4 | 15.5 |  |
| 0.83 | Depression: Medicare Population | percent | 14.2 | 18.6 | 15.4 |  |
| 0.83 | Homeownership | percent | 66.3 | 59.5 | 56.9 |  |
| 0.81 | Poor Physical Health Days | days | 3 | 3.7 |  |  |
| 0.81 | Self-Reported General Health Assessment: Poor or Fair | percent | 14 | 16 |  |  |
| 0.81 | Voter Turnout | percent | 68 | 66 | 61.8 |  |
| 0.78 | Renters Spending 30\% or More of Household Income on Rent | percent | 40.9 | 49.4 | 52.3 |  |
| 0.75 | Severe Housing Problems | percent | 10.4 | 14.2 |  |  |
| 0.75 | Social Associations | membership associations/10,000 population | 18.6 | 11.9 |  |  |
| 0.72 | Gonorrhea Incidence Rate | cases/100,000 population | 12.8 | 125.3 | 106.1 |  |
| 0.72 | Households with Cash Public Assistance Income | percent | 2 | 2.5 | 2.8 |  |
| 0.69 | High Blood Pressure Prevalence | percent | 26.6 | 32.6 | 30.8 | 26.9 |
| 0.67 | Food Insecurity Rate | percent | 14.1 | 17 | 15.8 |  |
| 0.67 | Violent Crime Rate | crimes/100,000 population | 117 | 452 |  |  |
| 0.61 | All Cancer Incidence Rate | cases/100,000 population | 406.1 | 456.9 | 459.8 |  |
| 0.61 | Asthma: Medicare Population | percent | 2.8 | 4.6 | 4.9 |  |
| 0.61 | Lung and Bronchus Cancer Incidence Rate | cases/100,000 population | 58.3 | 76.1 | 64.9 |  |
| 0.58 | Adults who Drink Excessively | percent | 6.4 | 17.2 |  | 25.4 |
| 0.58 | Babies with Low Birth Weight | percent | 5 | 8 | 8 | 7.8 |
| 0.56 | Families Living Below Poverty Level | percent | 8.7 | 11.1 | 11.3 |  |
| 0.5 | Alzheimer's Disease or Dementia: Medicare Population | percent | 8.5 | 9.7 | 9.8 |  |
| 0.5 | Child Food Insecurity Rate | percent | 19 | 21.6 | 21.4 |  |
| 0.5 | People Living Below Poverty Level | percent | 11.4 | 15.5 | 15.4 |  |
| 0.47 | Preterm Births | percent | 8.6 | 11.5 | 11.4 | 11.4 |
| 0.39 | Children Living Below Poverty Level | percent | 13 | 21.6 | 21.6 |  |
| 0.39 | Single-Parent Households | percent | 20.1 | 33.6 | 33.3 |  |
| 0.39 | Young Children Living Below Poverty Level | percent | 12.3 | 26 | 24.7 |  |
| 0.33 | Hyperlipidemia: Medicare Population | percent | 35.9 | 42.5 | 44.8 |  |
| 0.33 | Ischemic Heart Disease: Medicare Population | percent | 25.3 | 28.2 | 28.6 |  |
| 0.33 | Stroke: Medicare Population | percent | 3.1 | 3.8 | 3.8 |  |
| 0.28 | Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Lung Cancer | deaths/100,000 population | 44.6 | 57.7 | 48.4 | 45.5 |

## Appendix

## Healthy Communities Institute scorecard - Osage County



- SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City is pleased to make this source of community health and population data available to our community. We invite community organizations, planners, policy makers, educational institutions and residents to use this site as a tool to understand and track community health issues and plan strategies for improvement
- Indicators below are pre-sorted in order of decreasing severity
- Indicator HCl score correlates with severity gauge pictured
- Updated data can be found online at ssmhealth.com/system

| HCI Score | Indicator | Units | County Value | State <br> Value | National Value | HP2020 <br> Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2.78 | Workers who Walk to Work | percent | 1.4 | 2 | 2.8 | 3.1 |
| 2.61 | Cancer: Medicare Population | percent | 9.6 | 7.9 | 7.9 |  |
| 2.56 | Workers Commuting by Public Transportation | percent | 0.1 | 1.5 | 5 | 5.5 |
| 2.53 | Babies with Very Low Birth Weight | percent | 2.7 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 |
| 2.5 | Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Coronary Heart Disease | deaths/100,000 population | 137.9 | 123 | 105.7 | 103.4 |
| 2.42 | Adults who Drink Excessively | percent | 32.2 | 17 |  | 25.4 |
| 2.39 | Atrial Fibrillation: Medicare Population | percent | 8.7 | 7.8 | 7.8 |  |
| 2.39 | Osteoporosis: Medicare Population | percent | 7.7 | 6.1 | 6.4 |  |
| 2.39 | Rheumatoid Arthritis or Osteoarthritis: Medicare Population | percent | 34.3 | 30.9 | 29 |  |
| 2.25 | Access to Exercise Opportunities | percent | 30.1 | 77.5 |  |  |
| 2.25 | Adults who are Overweight | percent | 39.9 | 34.3 | 35.7 |  |
| 2.25 | Non-Physician Primary Care Provider Rate | providers/100,000 population | 15 | 59 |  |  |
| 2.25 | Primary Care Provider Rate | providers/100,000 population | 7 | 69 |  |  |
| 2.25 | Recreation and Fitness Facilities | facilities/1,000 population | 0 |  | 0.1 |  |
| 2.25 | Solo Drivers with a Long Commute | percent | 39.6 | 30.1 |  |  |
| 2.17 | Diabetes: Medicare Population | percent | 27.5 | 26.1 | 27 |  |
| 2.08 | Dentist Rate | dentists/100,000 population | 22 | 52 |  |  |
| 2 | Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Unintentional Injuries | deaths/100,000 population | 52.9 | 48.4 | 39.2 | 36.4 |
| 2 | Prostate Cancer Incidence Rate | cases/100,000 males | 139.2 | 121.8 | 142.3 |  |
| 1.92 | Children with Health Insurance | percent | 90.8 | 92.9 |  | 100 |
| 1.92 | Social Associations | membership associations/10,000 population | 10.8 | 11.9 |  |  |
| 1.89 | Low-Income Preschool Obesity | percent | 17.2 |  |  |  |
| 1.89 | Mean Travel Time to Work | minutes | 26 | 23.1 | 25.5 |  |
| 1.89 | Per Capita Income | dollars | 22629 | 25649 | 28155 |  |
| 1.89 | SNAP Certified Stores | stores/1,000 population | 0.6 |  |  |  |
| 1.89 | Stroke: Medicare Population | percent | 3.9 | 3.8 | 3.8 |  |
| 1.86 | Mothers who Smoked During Pregnancy | percent | 18 | 17.5 | 8.5 | 1.4 |
| 1.83 | Adult Fruit and Vegetable Consumption | percent | 10.6 | 12.5 |  |  |
| 1.83 | Hypertension: Medicare Population | percent | 55.7 | 55.1 | 55.5 |  |
| 1.78 | Hyperlipidemia: Medicare Population | percent | 43.5 | 42.5 | 44.8 |  |
| 1.72 | Heart Failure: Medicare Population | percent | 15.2 | 14.3 | 14.6 |  |
| 1.67 | Houses Built Prior to 1950 | percent | 21.6 | 20 | 18.9 |  |
| 1.67 | People 25+ with a Bachelor's Degree or Higher | percent | 15.4 | 26.2 | 28.8 |  |
| 1.64 | Diabetic Screening: Medicare Population | percent | 83.9 | 86 |  |  |
| 1.61 | Mothers who Received Early Prenatal Care | percent | 80.3 | 77.9 |  | 77.9 |
| 1.58 | Adults with Current Asthma | percent | 10 | 10.1 | 9.1 |  |
| 1.58 | Adults with Diabetes | percent | 11.3 | 10.7 |  |  |
| 1.58 | Self-Reported General Health Assessment: Poor or Fair | percent | 15.1 | 16 |  |  |

## Appendix

## Healthy Communities Institute scorecard - Osage County (continued)

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 plan strategies for improvement
- Indicators below are pre-sorted in order of decreasing severity
- Indicator HCl score correlates with severity gauge pictured
- Updated data can be found online at ssmhealth.com/system

| HCI Score | Indicator | Units | County <br> Value | State <br> Value | National <br> Value | HP2020 <br> Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1.5 | Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Cerebrovascular Disease (Stroke) | deaths/100,000 population | 42.5 | 46 | 40.2 | 34.8 |
| 1.5 | Breast Cancer Incidence Rate | cases/100,000 females | 117.8 | 122.6 | 122.7 |  |
| 1.5 | Colon Cancer Screening | percent | 65.9 | 66.6 |  |  |
| 1.5 | Colorectal Cancer Incidence Rate | cases/100,000 population | 44.1 | 45.6 | 43.3 | 38.6 |
| 1.5 | Households with No Car and Low Access to a Grocery Store | percent | 2.7 |  |  |  |
| 1.44 | COPD: Medicare Population | percent | 12.3 | 13.1 | 11.3 |  |
| 1.42 | Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths | percent | 31.3 | 34.6 |  |  |
| 1.42 | Mortality Ranking | (blank) | 34 |  |  |  |
| 1.39 | PBT Released | pounds | 25 |  |  |  |
| 1.39 | Recognized Carcinogens Released into Air | pounds | 17 |  |  |  |
| 1.36 | Poor Physical Health Days | days | 3.4 | 3.7 |  |  |
| 1.36 | Premature Death | years/100,000 population | 7343.2 | 7714 |  |  |
| 1.33 | Children with Low Access to a Grocery Store | percent | 3.9 |  |  |  |
| 1.33 | Chlamydia Incidence Rate: Females 15-19 | cases/100,000 females aged 15-19 | 1279.6 | 3607 |  |  |
| 1.33 | High Cholesterol Prevalence: Adults 35+ | percent | 42.7 | 42.9 |  |  |
| 1.33 | Ischemic Heart Disease: Medicare Population | percent | 28.8 | 28.2 | 28.6 |  |
| 1.33 | Low-Income and Low Access to a Grocery Store | percent | 4.4 |  |  |  |
| 1.33 | People 65+ with Low Access to a Grocery Store | percent | 2.4 |  |  |  |
| 1.33 | Syphilis Incidence Rate | cases/100,000 population | 0 | 4.2 | 5.5 |  |
| 1.28 | All Cancer Incidence Rate | cases/100,000 population | 428.2 | 456.9 | 459.8 |  |
| 1.28 | Lung and Bronchus Cancer Incidence Rate | cases/100,000 population | 67.6 | 76.1 | 64.9 |  |
| 1.28 | Violent Crime Rate | crimes/100,000 population | 172.6 | 452 |  |  |
| 1.25 | Clinical Care Ranking | (blank) | 21 |  |  |  |
| 1.25 | Drinking Water Violations | percent | 1.8 | 4.4 |  |  |
| 1.25 | Health Behaviors Ranking | (blank) | 10 |  |  |  |
| 1.25 | Morbidity Ranking | (blank) | 9 |  |  |  |
| 1.25 | Physical Environment Ranking | (blank) | 7 |  |  |  |
| 1.25 | Social and Economic Factors Ranking | (blank) | 4 |  |  |  |
| 1.17 | Alzheimer's Disease or Dementia: Medicare Population | percent | 9.4 | 9.7 | 9.8 |  |
| 1.17 | Homeownership | percent | 64.8 | 59.5 | 56.9 |  |
| 1.17 | Households without a Vehicle | percent | 5.3 | 7.3 | 9.1 |  |
| 1.17 | Pap Test History | percent | 75.7 | 74.9 |  |  |
| 1.17 | Workers who Drive Alone to Work | percent | 73.7 | 81.5 | 76.3 |  |
| 1.08 | Students Eligible for the Free Lunch Program | percent | 24.5 | 38 |  |  |
| 1.06 | Adults with Health Insurance | percent | 82.2 | 81.5 | 79.7 | 100 |
| 1.06 | Life Expectancy for Females | years | 80.4 | 79.6 | 80.8 |  |
| 1.06 | Life Expectancy for Males | years | 75.7 | 74.6 | 76.1 |  |
| 1 | Adults who are Sedentary | percent | 25.8 |  |  | 32.6 |
| 1 | Fast Food Restaurant Density | restaurants/1,000 population | 0.1 |  |  |  |

## Appendix

## Healthy Communities Institute scorecard - Osage County (continued)

- SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City is pleased to make this source of community health and population data available to our community. We invite community organizations, planners, policy makers, educational institutions and residents to use this site as a tool to understand and track community health issues and
 plan strategies for improvement
- Indicators below are pre-sorted in order of decreasing severity
- Indicator HCl score correlates with severity gauge pictured
- Updated data can be found online at ssmhealth.com/system

| HCI Score | Indicator | Units | County <br> Value | State <br> Value | National Value | HP2020 <br> Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0.97 | Farmers Market Density | markets/1,000 population | 0.1 |  | 0 |  |
| 0.94 | Gonorrhea Incidence Rate | cases/100,000 population | 14.4 | 125.3 | 106.1 |  |
| 0.94 | Households with Cash Public Assistance Income | percent | 2.1 | 2.5 | 2.8 |  |
| 0.94 | People Living 200\% Above Poverty Level | percent | 69.4 | 64.7 | 65.8 |  |
| 0.92 | Adults who are Obese | percent | 27.1 | 30 | 27.8 | 30.5 |
| 0.92 | Death Rate due to Drug Poisoning | deaths/100,000 population | 10.3 | 14.4 |  |  |
| 0.92 | Student-to-Teacher Ratio | students/teacher | 12.7 | 14.3 |  |  |
| 0.89 | Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Chronic Lower Respiratory Diseases | deaths/100,000 population | 43 | 51.7 | 42.1 |  |
| 0.89 | Grocery Store Density | stores/1,000 population | 0.4 |  |  |  |
| 0.81 | Voter Turnout | percent | 72.4 | 66 | 61.8 |  |
| 0.78 | Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Lung Cancer | deaths/100,000 population | 47.4 | 57.7 | 48.4 | 45.5 |
| 0.78 | Chronic Kidney Disease: Medicare Population | percent | 11.8 | 15.4 | 15.5 |  |
| 0.78 | Unemployed Workers in Civilian Labor Force | percent | 4.6 | 6.1 | 5.6 |  |
| 0.75 | Food Environment Index | (blank) | 8.2 | 7 |  |  |
| 0.75 | High School Graduation | percent | 93 | 86 | 80 | 82.4 |
| 0.75 | Mammography Screening: Medicare Population | percent | 70.9 | 62 |  |  |
| 0.75 | Severe Housing Problems | percent | 6.9 | 14.2 |  |  |
| 0.72 | Depression: Medicare Population | percent | 14.3 | 18.6 | 15.4 |  |
| 0.72 | People 65+ Living Below Poverty Level | percent | 8.1 | 8.9 | 9.4 |  |
| 0.69 | High Blood Pressure Prevalence | percent | 25.2 | 32.6 | 30.8 | 26.9 |
| 0.67 | Median Household Income | dollars | 51408 | 47380 | 53046 |  |
| 0.67 | People 25+ with a High School Degree or Higher | percent | 88.6 | 87.6 | 86 |  |
| 0.64 | Babies with Low Birth Weight | percent | 6.7 | 8 | 8 | 7.8 |
| 0.64 | Preventable Hospital Stays | discharges/1,000 Medicare enrollees | 44 | 65 |  |  |
| 0.64 | Teen Birth Rate | live births/1,000 females aged 15-19 | 9.7 | 30 | 26.5 |  |
| 0.61 | Chlamydia Incidence Rate | cases/100,000 population | 108.2 | 453.8 | 446.6 |  |
| 0.61 | Single-Parent Households | percent | 21.3 | 33.6 | 33.3 |  |
| 0.5 | Child Food Insecurity Rate | percent | 16.6 | 21.6 | 21.4 |  |
| 0.5 | Food Insecurity Rate | percent | 12.3 | 17 | 15.8 |  |
| 0.47 | Adults who Smoke | percent | 12.1 | 22.6 |  | 12 |
| 0.42 | Poor Mental Health Days | days | 2.3 | 3.8 |  |  |
| 0.39 | Asthma: Medicare Population | percent | 2.3 | 4.6 | 4.9 |  |
| 0.39 | Renters Spending 30\% or More of Household Income on Rent | percent | 38.6 | 49.4 | 52.3 |  |
| 0.25 | Preterm Births | percent | 8 | 11.5 | 11.4 | 11.4 |
| 0.17 | Children Living Below Poverty Level | percent | 7.3 | 21.6 | 21.6 |  |
| 0.17 | Families Living Below Poverty Level | percent | 5.9 | 11.1 | 11.3 |  |
| 0.17 | People 65+ Living Alone | percent | 21 | 28.3 | 27 |  |
| 0.17 | People Living Below Poverty Level | percent | 8.7 | 15.5 | 15.4 |  |
| 0.17 | Young Children Living Below Poverty Level | percent | 10.4 | 26 | 24.7 |  |
| 0.11 | Age-Adjusted Death Rate due to Cancer | deaths/100,000 population | 148 | 185.9 | 173.8 | 161.4 |

## Appendix

## Additional supporting data

Table 1 Top 5 Risk Factors

|  | Cole | Miller | Moniteau | Osage | Missouri |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Obese (>30 BMI) | Obese (>30 BMI) | Obese (>30 BMI) | Smoking | Mother Overweight |
| 2 | No Exercise | No Exercise | No Exercise | No Mammography Age 40+ | Obese (>30 BMI) |
| 3 | Smoking | No Mammography Age 40+ | Smoking | High Cholesterol Age 55+ | No Exercise |
| 4 | No Cervical Cancer Screening Age 18+ | Mother Overweight | No Mammography Age 40+ | Mother Overweight | Smoking |
| 5 | Mother Overweight | Smoking | Mother Overweight | High Blood Pressure | No Cervical Cancer Screening Age 18+ |

Table 2 Top 5 Diseases/Conditions

|  | Cole | Miller | Moniteau | Osage | Missouri |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $1_{1}$ | COPD | COPD |  | Heart Diseas | Diabetes |
| 2 | Diabetes | Heart Disease | Heart Disease | Motor Vehicle <br> Accidents | Heart Disease |
| 3 | Heart Disease | Motor Vehicle <br> Accidents | Motor Vehicle <br> Accidents | COPD |  <br> Substance Abuse |
| 4 | linfant Health <br> Problems | Diabetes | Diabetes | Diabetes | Arthritis/Lupis |
| 5 |  <br> Substance Abuse | Lung Cancer | Lung Cancer | Lung Cancer | COPD |

Table 3 Top 5 Chronic Diseases-DEATHS

|  | Cole | Miller | Moniteau | Osage | Missouri |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $1_{1}$ | Heart Disease | Cancer | Heart Disease | Heart Disease | Heart Disease |
| 2 | Cancer | Heart Disease | Cancer | Cancer | Cancer |
| 3 | COPD | COPD | Essential <br> Hypertension | COPD | COPD |
| 4 | Stroke | Essential <br> Hypertension | Diabetes | Diabetes | Stroke |
| 5 | Alzheimer's Disease | Alzheimer's Disease | COPD | Chronic Liver <br> Disease/Cirrhosis | Alzheimer's Disease |

## Appendix

## Additional supporting data (continued)

Table 4 Top 5 Causes for IP Hospitalizations

|  | Cole | Miller | Moniteau | Osage | Missouri |
| ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Heart and circulation | Heart and circulation | Heart and circulation | Pregnancy-childbirth- <br> reproduction | Heart and circulation |
| 2 | Pregnancy-childbirth- <br> reproduction | Pregnancy-childbirth- <br> reproduction | Pregnancy-childbirth- <br> reproduction | Heart and circulation | Pregnancy-childbirth- <br> reproduction |
| 3 | Mental Disorders | Mental Disorders | Digestive system | Injury and poisoning | Mental Disorders |
| 4 | Digestive system | Respiratory (throat <br> and lung) | Injury and poisoning | Digestive system | Digestive system |
| 5 | Respiratory (throat <br> and lung) | Injury and poisoning | Respiratory (throat <br> and lung) | Mental Disorders | Respiratory (throat <br> and lung) |

Table 5 Top 5 Causes of Death (2013 MICA Deaths)

|  | Cole | Miller | Moniteau | Osage | Missouri |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Heart Disease | Heart Disease | Cancer | Heart Disease | Heart Disease |
| 2 | Cancer | Cancer | Heart Disease | Cancer | Cancer |
| 3 | Other diseases <br> (residual) | Chronic lower <br> Respiratory Disease | Diabetes | Other diseases <br> (residual) | Other diseases <br> (residual) |
| 4 | Chronic lower <br> Respiratory Disease | Other diseases <br> (residual) | Essential <br> Hypertension | Pneumonia and <br> influenza | Chronic lower <br> Respiratory Disease |
| 5 | Stroke | Essential <br> Hypertension | Chronic lower <br> Respiratory Disease | Alzheimer's Disease | Stroke |

Table 6
Prevalence of Health Problems

|  | Cole | Miller | Moniteau | Osage | Missouri |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ever been told had <br> high blood pressure | $16.5 \%$ | $25.3 \%$ | $21.2 \%$ | $19.8 \%$ | $\mathbf{1 9 . 6 \%}$ |
| high cholesterol (age <br> $35+$ ) | $38.1 \%$ | $50.8 \%$ | $39.6 \%$ | $41.6 \%$ | $\mathbf{4 4 . 8 \%}$ |
| Ever been told had <br> diabetes | $8.2 \%$ | $13.2 \%$ | $9.1 \%$ | $7.5 \%$ | $\mathbf{1 0 . 7 \%}$ |

Table 7 County Health Rankings, Teen Births

|  | Cole | Miller | Moniteau | Osage | Missouri |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Age 15-19 (2006- <br> 2012) rate per 1,000 <br> female population | 35 | 50 | 40 | 23 | 40 |

## Appendix

## Additional supporting data (continued)

Table 8 Top 5 Preventable Hospitalizations

|  | Cole | Miller | Moniteau | Osage | Missouri |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Dehydration | Dehydration | Dehydration | Dehydration | Dehydration |
|  | Bacterial PN | COPD | Bacterial PN | Bacterial PN | Bacterial PN |
| 3 | Congestive Heart Failure | Bacterial PN | Cellulitis | Cellulitis | Cellulitis |
| 4 | Cellulitis | Congestive Heart Failure | COPD | COPD | COPD |
| 5 | COPD | Cellulitis | Kidney/Urinary Infection | Diabetes | Asthma |

Table 9 Women Preventive Care

|  | Cole | Miller | Moniteau | Osage | Missouri |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (never had a <br> mammogram (age 40+) | $4.0 \%$ | $16.6 \%$ | $15.5 \%$ | $5.0 \%$ | $\mathbf{9 . 9 \%}$ |
| (no mammogram in last <br> year (age 40+) | $27.7 \%$ | $41.2 \%$ | $36.8 \%$ | $19.3 \%$ | $30.5 \%$ |
| (never had a pap smear <br> (age 18+) | $11.1 \%$ | $6.7 \%$ | $3.3 \%$ | $10.9 \%$ | $7.5 \%$ |
| (no pap smear in last 3 <br> yrs (age 18+) | $26.1 \%$ | $26.2 \%$ | $26.7 \%$ | $24.4 \%$ | $\mathbf{2 6 . 4 \%}$ |

Table 10 Preventive Care

|  | Cole | Miller | Moniteau | Osage | Missouri |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| never had blood stool <br> test (age 50+) | $69.0 \%$ | $70.5 \%$ | $80.0 \%$ | $70.8 \%$ | $66.1 \%$ |
| never had a sigmoid or <br> colonoscopy (age 50+) | $24.7 \%$ | $38.4 \%$ | $38.8 \%$ | $36.8 \%$ | $33.8 \%$ |
| never had blood <br> cholesteral checked (age <br> $35+$ ) | $89.2 \%$ | $94.3 \%$ | $83.3 \%$ | $85.2 \%$ | $89.5 \%$ |
| no blood stool test last <br> year (age 50+) | $94.3 \%$ | $91.3 \%$ | $95.7 \%$ | $93.2 \%$ | $90.4 \%$ |
| no sigmoid or <br> colonoscopy in last 10 <br> yrs (age 50+) | $29.8 \%$ | $40.9 \%$ | $43.0 \%$ | $39.4 \%$ | $39.0 \%$ |

## Appendix

## The tax year the hospital last conducted a needs assessment

SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City last conducted a CHNA in 2012.

## Existing health care facilities and resources within the community that are available to respond to the health needs of the community

SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City held meetings with local, regional, and system members to determine priorities for the 2016-2018 CHNA and strategic implementation plan. Priorities chosen were:

- Heart Disease: Resources include but are not limited to the congestive heart failure clinic at Jefferson City Medical Group, congestive heart failure (CHF) clinic collaboration with Lutheran Senior Services, St. Joseph Bluff and Stonebridge communities, Cole County Health Department WISEWOMAN program, SSM Health Medical Group, Jefferson City YMCA, SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City cardiopulmonary support group, diabetes support group, stroke survivor support group and St. Mary's Mended Hearts program.
- Cancer: Resources include but are not limited to SSM Health St. Mary’s Cancer Center at Jefferson City Medical Group (JCMG), Epic health notifications, Richard J. Wilson Cancer Resource Center, the American Cancer Society, Jefferson City YMCA, the Cole County Health Department ShowMe Healthy Women program and SSM Health Medical Group.


## How the data was obtained

The Central Community Health Assessment Partnership (CMCHAP) conducted a comprehensive community health assessment using publicly available data and community feedback- which allowed for the assessment of community perception- as well as current health risks and health outcomes specific to Jefferson, Cole, Moniteau and Osage Counties.

Data collected by various organizations, such as the US Census, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation and the Healthy Communities Institute, were vital to this assessment. Valuable input from community members added depth and quality to the data. The objectives were to identify factors influencing health status, determine and prioritize issues of greatest concern, identify unmet health needs and produce a source of reliable information to support the development of goals and action plans.

Additional demographic and health impact factors were collected through SSM Health's data analytics platforms and included but were not limited to county demographic profiles, cancer registrar, CHSI Summary Comparison Report, population, education, literacy rates and disparities.

## The health needs of the community

Please see "The Health of Our Community" and "The Health Needs of Our Community" sections for analysis of health indicators specific to the health of our community and the identified priorities to be addressed going forward.

## Appendix

## Primary and chronic disease needs and other health issues of uninsured persons, low-income persons and minority groups

To be maximally effective, health programs must meet a tangible need of the community. They must be presented to and accessible by the very people who need them most. The previous study of demographics, community health indicators and community feedback is necessary to assist the hospital in the planning, development, implementation and evaluation of population health programs in order to reduce disease burden within the community. SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City acknowledges the populations for which disparities exist and the unique burdens associated with their demographic status.

It is SSM Health's Vision that through our participation in the healing ministry of Jesus Christ, communities, especially those that are economically, physically and socially marginalized, will experience improved health in mind, body, spirit and environment within the financial limits of the system.

## The process for identifying and prioritizing community health needs and services to meet the community health needs

The Central Community Health Assessment Partnership (CMCHAP) is a unique partnership of health care and social service providers sponsored by Capital Region Medical Center and SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City. Partnerships also include Community Health Center of Central Missouri; Jefferson City Medical Group; Missouri Primary Care Association; United Way of Central Missouri; and the Health Departments of Cole, Miller, Moniteau and Osage Counties.

The needs assessment was conducted using data analysis, discussions with community groups, provider clients and surveys completed by community members, community leaders and local physicians. Throughout the process, more than 150 individuals participated in nine different discussion groups and consumer interview sessions. The surveys were made available in physician offices, online and in community health departments. Valuable input from community members was used to supplement the data.

The objectives were to identify factors influencing health status, determine and prioritize issues of greatest concern, identify unmet health needs and produce a source of reliable information that will support the development of solutions. SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City administration reviewed community perception results and health data, prioritizing the top two needs based on the extent of the deficiency and the ability of the hospital to make an impact.

## Appendix

## 0 <br> SSMHealth

## The process for identifying and prioritizing community health needs and services to meet the community health needs (continued)

Prior to review of the data, a list of criteria was developed to aid in the selection of priority needs. During the data review process, attention was directed to health issues that met any of these criteria:

- Health issues that impact a significant portion of the population, or for which disparities exist and which put a greater burden on some population groups
- Poor rankings for health issues within the service area as compared to other counties, state average, national average or Healthy People 2020 national health goals
- Health issues for which trends are worsening

The SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City CHNA team also considered indicators that relate to problems the Centers for Disease Control and other state agencies have identified through their own assessments.

In addition, the SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City team examined "social determinants of health," or factors in the community that can either contribute to poor health outcomes or, conversely, support a healthy community. This data is available on our website ssmhealth.com/system and in the County Health Rankings Report.

## Information gaps that limit the hospital facility's ability to assess all of the community's health needs

SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City observes that, while many health status indicators for its service area might score above average, they may still represent problems that are above the medically preferable prevalence rate (i.e. nonexistent), place a heavy burden on our population, trends might be worsening and/or fall short of acceptable benchmarks. In addition, aggregate health data for the entire population often masks the unfair, heavy burdens on certain groups within the population. SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City made a conscious effort to reveal and acknowledge these disparities when possible.

## Appendix

## Which needs the hospital will not address and the reasons

Because SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City has limited resources and to avoid duplication of efforts, not every health indicator with an identified need for improvement could be addressed. Those community needs identified but not "prioritized" for improvement included the following:

- Health literacy: Our input sessions revealed that there is not so much an issue with obtaining health information, as there is a need to help people process and understand basic health information, including the services available to assist them in making appropriate health and wellness decisions. SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital Jefferson City provides education and awareness offerings on many health issues that affect the surrounding communities.
- Access to care is an ongoing priority at SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City. SSM Health is constantly assessing areas of physician need within our service areas and developing recruitment plans to increase access to primary care and other specialist providers in the region.
- Dental services: At this point in time, the SSM Health Medical Group is not equipped to provide dental services, but relies on and collaborates with other independent dental care providers within the community to provide associated services.
- Substance abuse: Our community leaders pointed to drug and alcohol use as a significant issue and expressed specific concern for the region's youth. The challenge is that our region does not have a facility that provides detox or treatment. The increasing use of E-cigarettes and the misconception that they are a healthy alternative to regular cigarette smoking is concerning. SSM Heath and SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City both offer awareness and education opportunities regarding the risk factors of smoking.


## Appendix

## Persons representing the community with whom the hospital consulted

SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City benefited from input derived through consultation of numerous community leaders representing diverse constituencies. The leaders associated with primary data collection are listed with their affiliations below. Additionally, SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City benefited from guidance and input from individuals with expertise in public/population health.

| Date | Solicitation Type | Panel Member Title | Panel Member Organization | Panel Member Name (Optional) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5/15-6/5 | Survey | Providers | SSM Health | Anonymous (35) |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Survey | Patients | Unknown | Anonymous (528) |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | 1st Community Leadership Meeting | DHSS | Sharon Coonce |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | 1st Community Leadership Meeting | Mo Hospital Association | Leslie Porth |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | 1st Community Leadership Meeting | Faith Lutheran | Tony Alter |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | 1st Community Leadership Meeting | JCPS | Amy Berendzen |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | 1st Community Leadership Meeting | DHSS | William Koebel |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | 1st Community Leadership Meeting | DHSS | Lana Wong |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | 1st Community Leadership Meeting | DHSS | Pam Fisher |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | 1st Community Leadership Meeting | JCPD | Jason Payne |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | 1st Community Leadership Meeting | JCPD | Doug Shoemaker |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | 1st Community Leadership Meeting | Retired | Bill Anthony |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | 1st Community Leadership Meeting | Pathways | Jeanna Powers |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | 1st Community Leadership Meeting | DHSS | Wyndy Chambers |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | 1st Community Leadership Meeting | Agape Clinic Belle | Margie Lance |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | 1st Community Leadership Meeting | Osage County | Mary Burhorst |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | 1st Community Leadership Meeting | CMAAA | Trish Lutrell |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | 1st Community Leadership Meeting | Prenger | Tanya Alm |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | 1st Community Leadership Meeting | Cole County Juvenile | Kurt Valentine |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | 1st Community Leadership Meeting | St Peters JC | Alice Kuehn |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | 1st Community Leadership Meeting | DHSS | Cathy Galloway |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | 1st Community Leadership Meeting | DHSS | Angela Duvall |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | 1st Community Leadership Meeting | CRMC | Tom Weaver |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | 1st Community Leadership Meeting | LFCS | Eileen Long |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | 1st Community Leadership Meeting | CRMC | Anne Lock |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | 1st Community Leadership Meeting | CRMC | Jack Pletz |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | 1st Community Leadership Meeting | Cole County Commission | Jeff Hoelscher |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | 1st Community Leadership Meeting | 1st UMC | Rev. Jeannie Martin Dudenhoeffer |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | 1st Community Leadership Meeting | City of Jefferson | Steve Crowell |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Unmet Needs Meeting | JCPS-SW ECC | Lisa Dierking |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Unmet Needs Meeting | JCPS-PAT | Katie Epema |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Unmet Needs Meeting | SSM Health BHS | Brandon Farris |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Unmet Needs Meeting | Salvation Army | Chris White |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Unmet Needs Meeting | Salvation Army | Rachel White |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Unmet Needs Meeting | American Red Cross | Dave Griffith |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Unmet Needs Meeting | EMD/CERT | Bruce Breseman |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Unmet Needs Meeting | Common Ground | Kristen Hilty |

## Appendix

| Date | Solicitation Type | Panel Member Title | Panel Member Organization | Panel Member Name (Optional) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Unmet Needs Meeting | Girl Scouts | Angie Sullivan |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Unmet Needs Meeting | Cole County Health | Shalon Schonhardt |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Unmet Needs Meeting | Bridges of MO | April McNail |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Unmet Needs Meeting | Bridges of MO | Cheryl Fultz |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Unmet Needs Meeting | Big Brothers Big Sisters | Lee Knernschield |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Unmet Needs Meeting | Senior Nutrition | Frankie Reams |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Unmet Needs Meeting | Central MO Community Action | Lisa Goldschmidt |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Unmet Needs Meeting | Council for Drug Free Youth | Joy Sweeney |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Unmet Needs Meeting | 1st Choice Employment | Carol Rothove |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Unmet Needs Meeting | ABLE | Felicia Poettgen |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Unmet Needs Meeting | BOPAT | Shawna Kerperin |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Unmet Needs Meeting | CMCA Head Start | Tammy Hawk |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Unmet Needs Meeting | American Red Cross | Don Barnett |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Unmet Needs Meeting | Homemaker Health Care | Bill Tannehill |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Unmet Needs Meeting | Special Learning Center | Debbie Hamler |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Unmet Needs Meeting | 4-H | Jenny Fiatt |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Unmet Needs Meeting | Dreams to Reality | Liz Lehmann |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Unmet Needs Meeting | DMH | Edwin Coope |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Unmet Needs Meeting | United Way $211 \mathrm{MO} / \mathrm{IL}$ | Kate Rollins |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Unmet Needs Meeting | 1st Choice Employment | Ryan Jimenez |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Unmet Needs Meeting | Samaritan Center | Lindsey Lecuru |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Unmet Needs Meeting | Boy Scouts | Byron Haverstick |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Unmet Needs Meeting | Boy Scouts | Kelsey Huston |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Unmet Needs Meeting | CHCCMO | Lorna Cockran |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Unmet Needs Meeting | Faith Lutheran Church | Jodi Bates |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Unmet Needs Meeting | Osage Co. Special Services | Megan Reichart |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Unmet Needs Meeting | Boys \& Girls Club | Stephanie Johnson |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Unmet Needs Meeting | Cole County EMA | Bill Farr |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Unmet Needs Meeting | ILRC | Melinda Cardone |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Unmet Needs Meeting | City of Jefferson | Laura Henry |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Unmet Needs Meeting | Food Bank | Travis Sappington |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Unmet Needs Meeting | JCDCC | Kristal Longstreet |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Unmet Needs Meeting | Salvation Army | Tyreka Brandon |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Unmet Needs Meeting | Food Bank | Melissa Schulte |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Unmet Needs Meeting | Rape \& Abuse Crisis Services | Alden Henrickson |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Moniteau County | Moniteau Case Center | Rhonda Ware |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Moniteau County | California Ministerial Association | Dan Rowlison |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Moniteau County | Moniteau CO R-1 | Daniel Williams |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Moniteau County | You Turn Inc | William Wallace |

## Appendix

# Persons representing the community with whom the hospital consulted (continued) 

| Date | Solicitation Type | Panel Member Title | Panel Member Organization | Panel Member Name (Optional) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Moniteau County | Moniteau CO Health Center | Avis Boles |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Moniteau County | Moniteau CO Assessor | Melissa Hentges |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Moniteau County | Moniteau CO Clerk | Roberta Elliott |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Moniteau County | St Paul's Lutheran | Peter Kurowski |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Moniteau County | Burger's Smokehouse | Sandra Ratcliff |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Moniteau County | Retired | C. Roll |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Moniteau County | California Schools | Dwight Sanders |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Moniteau County | CMCA | Stefani Thompson |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Moniteau County | CMCA | Sallie Humphrey |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Moniteau County | California Middle School | Matt Abernathy |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Moniteau County | Public Administrator | Cher Caudel |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Moniteau County | Burrell BH | Cecilia Peterson |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Moniteau County | MCMC | Barry |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Moniteau County | El Puente | Sr. Guadalupe Ruiz |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Moniteau County | Moniteau Care | Tonya Weaver |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Moniteau County | Cargill | Shallie Witt |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Moniteau County | VW 211 MO/IL | Kate Rollins |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Moniteau County | Vision Health Eyecare Center | Dou Vandorfeltz |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Osage County | Central Missouri Community Action | Kevin Wehner |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Osage County | Central Missouri Community Action | Brittany Hotmer |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Osage County | University Extension Office | Kathy Dothage |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Osage County | Community Action | Charlotte Bellsmith |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Osage County | Retired | Joan Kurtzeborn R.N. |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Osage County | Osage County Community Living | Megan Reichart |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Osage County | Faith Community Nursing | Lucy Brenner |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Osage County | nurse at Fatima | Wanda Rehagen |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Osage County | Linn R-II school district | Corina Henderson |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Osage County | Linn Elementary School | Lorie Winslow |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Osage County | Community at large | Shawn Poyser |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Osage County | Osage County Health Department | Susan Long |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Osage County | United Way of Central Missouri | Theresa Verslues |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Osage County | United Way 2-1-1 | Kate Rollins |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Osage County | Osage Ambulance Services | Joshua Krull |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Osage County | United Way of Central Missouri | Ann Bax |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Miller County | Healthy Schools | Terry Atterberry |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Miller County | Healthy Community | Michele Griswold |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Miller County | Miller County HD | Bruce Jenkins |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Miller County | Eldon Schools | Scott Davis |
| 5/18-6/15/2015 | Focus Group | Miller County | Eldon Schools | Ashley Calvino |

## Appendix

Persons representing the community with whom the hospital consulted (continued)

| Date | Solicitation Type | Panel Member Title | Panel Member Organization | Panel Member Name (Optional) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $5 / 18-6 / 15 / 2015$ | Focus Group | Miller County | Eldon Schools | Lindsey Williams |
| $5 / 18-6 / 15 / 2015$ | Focus Group | Miller County | Advocate | Maureen Qualiheim |
| $5 / 18-6 / 15 / 2015$ | Focus Group | Miller County | RACS | Alden Henrichson |
| $5 / 18-6 / 15 / 2015$ | Focus Group | Miller County | Eldon Schools | Shirley Koch |
| $5 / 18-6 / 15 / 2015$ | Focus Group | Miller County | Lake Regional | Jill Williams |
| $5 / 18-6 / 15 / 2015$ | Focus Group | Miller County | Pave Americorp | Sasha Seaton |
| $5 / 18-6 / 15 / 2015$ | Focus Group | Miller County | Pave Americorp | Cassandra Marks |
| $5 / 18-6 / 15 / 2015$ | Focus Group | Miller County | Eldon Parks and Rec | Terry Potchell |
| $5 / 18-6 / 15 / 2015$ | Focus Group | Miller County | Eldon Chamber | Brenda Caine |
| $5 / 18-6 / 15 / 2015$ | Focus Group | Miller County | Pave Americorp | Dee Spalding |
| $5 / 18-6 / 15 / 2015$ | Focus Group | Miller County | Lake Regional | Amaris Paramo |
| $5 / 18-6 / 15 / 2015$ | Focus Group | Miller County | ERS | Tom Williams |
| $5 / 18-6 / 15 / 2015$ | Focus Group | Miller County | Michel Varner |  |
| $5 / 18-6 / 15 / 2015$ | Focus Group | Miller County | Michael Griswold |  |

## How SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City makes its needs assessment widely available to the public

SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City 2016 CHNA is available online at ssmhealth.com/system and upon request from the hospital facility at 573-681-3000. See section on "Going Forward" for more information.

## Appendix

## Others who participated in SSM Health St. Mary's - Jefferson City CHNA process

The CHNA was conducted in partnership with the Central Missouri Community Health Needs Assessment Partnership consisting of the following organizations and their representatives, who formed the Steering Team and contributed much time and effort to this project.

- Capital Region Medical Center, www.crmc.org
- Paula Burnett
- Lindsay Huhman
- Tiffany Rutledge
- Janet Weckenborg
- Cole County Health Department, www.colehealth.org
- Kristi Campbell
- Mike Sapp
- Mary Telthorst
- Community Health Center of Central Missouri, www.chccmo.org
- Lorna Cockrum
- Jeff Davis
- Jefferson City Medical Group, www.jemg.org
- Emily Mantle
- Miller County Health Department, www.milercountyhealth.com
- Bruce Jenkins
- Moniteau County Health Department, www.Moniteaucountyhealth.org
- Andrea Kincaid
- Osage County Health Department, www.osagecountyhd.org
- Susan Long
- Missouri Primary Care Association, www.Mo-pca.org
- Michael Felix
- SSM St. Mary's Hospital Jefferson City, www.ssmhelathmidmo.com
- Tracy O’Rourke
- Beverly Stafford
- Janet Wear-Enloe
- Susan Treloar
- United Way of Central Missouri, www.unitedwaycemo.org
- Ann Bax

In addition, special thanks to the individuals, organizations and community leaders who helped organize discussion groups, hosted meetings and provided their candid opinions.

SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City 2505 Mission Drive | Jefferson City, MO 65109

## 2016-2018

## Strategic Implementation Plan



## Strategic Implementation Plan

Prior to review of the data, a list of criteria was developed to aid in the selection of priority areas. During the data review process, attention was directed to health issues that met any of these criteria:

- Health issues that impact many people or for which disparities exist and which put a greater burden on some population groups
- Health issues for which trends are worsening

- Poor rankings for health issues within the service area as compared to the state average or Healthy People 2020 national health goals

The SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City CHNA team also considered indicators that relate to problems the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and other state agencies have identified through their own assessments. In addition, the team examined "social determinants of health," or factors in the community that can either contribute to poor health outcomes or support a healthy community. These data elements are available on our website ssmhealth.com/system and in the County Health Rankings report for Cole, Miller, Moniteau and Osage Counties.

Priority \#| Heart Disease

Priority \# 2 Cancer Care


## Heart Disease

Heart disease includes a range of conditions that affect the health of one's heart. There are a number of deficiencies within our community that correlate to poor heart health. Some of these lifestyle behaviors that increase the risk of heart disease include:

- Smoking
- Uncontrolled blood pressure
- High cholesterol levels
- Uncontrolled diabetes
- Stress and depression
- Unhealthy food choices
- Lack of exercise

In some cases, minorities and those living under financial distress are often segments of the population who are most affected by factors contributing to heart disease.

Heart disease is the leading cause of death in Cole, Miller and Osage counties. It is also the top cause of inpatient hospitalizations for both men and women in the region. Further complicating the issue is a unfavorable prevalence of high blood pressure, high cholesterol, diabetes, obesity and smoking in the four counties, especially in Miller and Moniteau counties.

## Additional facts and figures

- The age-adjusted death rate due to coronary heart disease is 137.10 and 137.9 deaths per 100,000 persons for Moniteau and Osage Counties, respectively, compared to rates of 123 and 105.7 deaths per 100,000 persons in the state and nation, respectively
- The Medicare population with a diagnosis of ischemic heart disease is $31.6 \%$ for Miller County, compared to state and national averages of $28.2 \%$ and $28.6 \%$, respectively
- The Medicare population with a diagnosis of hyperlipidemia is $44.4 \%$ and $43.5 \%$ for Cole and Osage Counties, respectively, compared to state and national averages of $42.5 \%$ and $44.8 \%$, respectively
- The Medicare population with a diagnosis of hypertension is $55.5 \%$ and $55.7 \%$ for Cole and Osage Counties, respectively, compared to state and national averages of $55.1 \%$ and $55.5 \%$, respectively
- Counties mentioned were notably deficient out of the 4 counties included in the service area

SSMHealth

## Prionity \#



Do you have a question about heart and vascular services at SSM Health?

## Visit our website at ssmhealthmidmo.com

## Strategic Implementation Plan Heart Disease

## Goals

The goals of SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City include:

- Reduce the age-adjusted death rate due to heart disease in our region from 190.7 deaths per 100,000 persons, as reported in 2015, to 185 deaths per 100,000 persons in 2018 (MICA)
- Decrease percentage of all-cause/all-location congestive heart failure (CHF) 30-day hospital readmission rate from 24.22\% in 2015 to 15.3\% by 2018 (Epic)


## Action plan

- Create heart failure clinic with Jefferson City Medical Group (JCMG)
- CHF nursing home collaboration: Visits to high-risk patients in nursing homes (Lutheran Senior Services and Stonebridge Communities)
- High-risk screening: Implement a high-risk screening criteria tool involving mortality and post-acute committees
- Transitional care coordination: Improve post-discharge care and coordination of support for patients
- Focus on and improve hemoglobin A1C testing within the SSM Health Medical Group, in an effort to keep diabetic patients' respective levels in control
- STEMI Center designation: SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City has applied for STEMI Center designation and is currently awaiting certification review
- Stroke Center designation: SSM Health St. Mary’s Hospital - Jefferson City will prepare to apply for Stroke Center designation by 2017
- Expand nutrition and dietary counseling services: Increase dietary counseling referrals from SSM Health Medical Group (primary care) to promote healthy diet in adults with BMI >30; provide dietician assistance to the Jefferson City YMCA; and provide sponsorship funding for Boys \& Girls Club Triple Play program to provide nutrition counseling services
- Assessments and screenings: Continue community and or worksite risk assessments and screenings and education at least twice a year
- Provider education: Increase referrals to the Cole County Health Department for WISEWOMAN screenings by increasing provider education on eligibility and referrals to program
- Community education and awareness: Provide education on prevention and signs and symptoms awareness and implement at least one public awareness campaign such as "Know Your Numbers" or "Health Fest." In collaboration with the Jefferson City Chamber of Commerce's Partners in Education Program, refocus education outreach on cardiovascular disease prevention and awareness of risk factors. Develop Parish Nurse educational and support partnership focused on cardiovascular disease prevention and awareness of risk factors by 2017
- Support groups for patients and families to improve self-management of chronic disease: Cardiopulmonary, cardiac nutrition, diabetes, stroke survivor support groups and St. Mary's Mended Hearts


## Community partners and supporting resources

- Jefferson City Medical Group
- Lutheran Senior Services and Stonebridge communities
- SSM Health Medical Group
- Cole County Health Department
- Boys \& Girls Club of the Capital City • Ministerial Alliance and Diocese of
- Jefferson City Chamber of Jefferson City Commerce Partners in Education - The American Heart Association
- St. Mary's Mended Hearts


## Cancer

## SSMHealth

Cancer is second only to heart disease as a leading cause of death in Cole, Miller, Moniteau and Osage Counties. The top five most common types of cancer in our region are breast, colon, lung, cervix and prostate. Specifically, breast cancer showed a significant increase of $14 \%$ in our region between 2008-2012.

There are a number of economic, environmental and lifestyle factors that contribute to this disparity, including agricultural processes that can potentially introduce harmful byproducts into the human system, which can lead to the development of cancer. The data also illustrates that use of tobacco products is significantly greater in our service area than most communities. While SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City is not equipped to address all of these influencing factors, we are able to assist our community in providing cancer treatment options and promoting healthy lifestyle practices that are highly conducive to preventing the development of cancer. These include:

- Regular medical exams and screenings. By increasing the chances of discovering cancer early, the success rate of treating and ultimately overcoming a cancer diagnosis also increases
- Creation of a healthy diet and promoting physically active lifestyles
- The provision of smoking cessation programs
- Immunization to protect against viral infections that lead to the development of cancer


## Additional facts and figures

- Cancer prevalence in the Medicare population averages $9.1 \%$ and $9.6 \%$ for Cole and Osage Counties, respectively, compared to averages of $7.9 \%$ and $7.9 \%$ in the state and nation, respectively
- The age-adjusted death rate due to lung cancer is 71.7 per 100,000 persons in Miller County, compared to rates of 57.5 and 48.4 deaths per 100,000 persons, in the state and nation, respectively
- The colorectal cancer incidence rate is 48.5 and 49.8 cases per 100,000 persons for Moniteau and Miller Counties, respectively, compared to rates of 45.6 and 43.3 cases per 100,000 persons in the state and nation, respectively
- Counties mentioned were notably deficient out of the 4 counties included in the service area

Do you have a question about oncology services at SSM Health?

Visit our website at ssmhealthmidmo.com

## Strategic Implementation Plan <br> Cancer

## Goals

The goals of SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City include:

- Reduce the age-adjusted death rate due to cancer in our region from 178.4 deaths per 100,000 persons, as reported in 2015, to 175 deaths per 100,000 persons by 2018 (MICA)
- Increase percentage of stage 1 breast cancer initial diagnosis' from 20\% (hospital 5-year 2010-2014 baseline average) to 25\% by 2018 (SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City Cancer Registrar)
- Increase percentage of stage 1 lung cancer initial diagnosis' from 20\% (hospital 5-year 2010-2014 baseline average) to 25\% by 2018 (SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City Cancer Registrar)


## Action plan

- Preventive mammograms: Increase referrals to Cole County Health Department for ShowMe Healthy Women program by implementing provider education for SSM Health Medical Group to increase awareness and referrals. St. Mary's Women's imaging center to provide flexible and easy scheduling and convenient hours of operations for screenings at least twice each year (i.e. Mammathon event). Increase the proportion of SSM Health Medical Group female patients 50-74 years of age who have had one or more mammograms performed during the measurement period of 24 months
- Patient and provider reminders: Maximize use of Epic health maintenance notifications to increase preventive screenings and kept appointments. Explore Epic reporting for health maintenance notifications for breast and lung cancer screenings that result in preventive screenings and kept appointments. Evaluate and monitor screening performance and referrals within SSM Health Medical Group and give feedback to clinic providers that can boost screening rates
- Low-dose CT scan for lung cancer screening program: Develop low-cost screening program in 2016
- St. Mary's Cancer Center at Jefferson City Medical Group (JCMG): Identify alternative funding to support implementation of a nurse navigator and introduce cancer wellness program model in Jefferson City
- Expand patient support services provided through Richard J. Wilson Cancer Resource Center: Increase access and enrollment in LiveStrong in partnership with the Jefferson City YMCA, and introduce "I Can Cope" patient support program in collaboration with JCMG and the American Cancer Society to provide one-on-one and group education and support
- Education/awareness: Increase reach of awareness/education offerings on risk factors and important preventative screenings for breast and lung cancer prevention, diagnosis and treatment. Implement cancer screening public service/awareness campaign and educational materials that align with cancer prevention months


## Community partners and supporting resources

- Jefferson City Medical Group
- SSM Health Medical Group
- St. Mary’s Cancer Center at JCMG
- Richard J. Wilson Cancer Resource Center
- Cole County Health Department

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## Going Forward

## 0 SSMHealth

## Achieving our Goals, Now and in the Future

SSM Health is committed to improving the health of our communities through collaborative efforts to address unmet needs.


## SSM Health

SSM Health St. Mary's Hospital - Jefferson City is pleased to make this source of reliable, current community health and population data available to our community. We invite community organizations, planners, policy makers, educational institutions and residents to use this site as a tool to understand and track community health issues and plan strategies for improvement.

Please visit ssmhealth.com/system for more information.

Explore Data



FIND HEALTH DISPARITIES

## Healthy People 2020 Progress Tracker

The Healthy People 2020 progress tracker provides a platform for measuring improvement of population health metrics associated with the US Healthy People 2020 objectives. The health objectives and 2020 goals allow communities to assess their health status through a comprehensive set of key disease indicators and create action plans relative to key priorities.



[^0]:    - American Cancer Society
    - Jefferson City YMCA

